

Selenious Acid Injection

DEFINITION

Change to read:

Selenious Acid Injection is a sterile solution in Water for Injection of Selenious Acid or of selenium dissolved in nitric acid. It contains \bullet NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% \bullet (RB 1-Jun-2012) of the labeled amount of selenium (Se).

IDENTIFICATION

- **A.** The *Sample solution*, prepared as directed in the *Assay*, exhibits an absorption maximum at about 196 nm, when tested as directed in the *Assay*.

ASSAY

Change to read:

PROCEDURE

[**CAUTION**—Selenium is toxic; handle it with care.]

Standard stock solution: 1000 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ of selenium, prepared as follows. Dissolve about 1 g of metallic selenium in a minimum volume of nitric acid. Evaporate to dryness, add 2 mL of water, and evaporate to dryness. Repeat the addition of water and the evaporation to dryness three times. Dissolve the residue in 3 N hydrochloric acid, transfer to a 1000-mL volumetric flask, dilute with 3 N hydrochloric acid to volume, and mix.

Standard solution A: 30 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ of selenium from the *Standard stock solution* diluted with water

Standard solution B: 40 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ of selenium from the *Standard stock solution* diluted with water

Standard solution C: 50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ of selenium from the *Standard stock solution* diluted with water

Sample solution: 40 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ of selenium from *Injection* diluted with water

Instrumental conditions

(See *Spectrophotometry and Light-Scattering* <851>.)

Mode: Atomic absorption spectrophotometer

Lamp: Selenium electrodeless discharge

Flame: Air-acetylene

Analytical wavelength: Selenium emission line at 196 nm

Blank: Water

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution A*, *Standard solution B*, *Standard solution C*, and *Sample solution*

Plot the absorbances of the *Standard solutions* versus concentration, in $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$, of selenium, and draw the straight line best fitting the three plotted points. From the graph so obtained, determine the concentration, C_s , in $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$, of selenium in the *Sample solution*. Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of selenium (Se) in the portion of *Injection* taken:

$$\text{Result} = (C_s/C_U) \times 100$$

C_s = concentration of selenium in the *Sample solution* determined from the calibration graph, $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$

C_U = nominal concentration of selenium in the *Sample solution*, $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$

Acceptance criteria: \bullet 90.0%–110.0% \bullet (RB 1-Jun-2012)

SPECIFIC TESTS

- **PH** <791>: 1.8–2.4
- **PARTICULATE MATTER IN INJECTIONS** <788>: Meets the requirements for small-volume injections
- **BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS TEST** <85>: NMT 3.5 USP Endotoxin Units/ μg of selenium
- **OTHER REQUIREMENTS:** Meets the requirements in *Injections* <1>

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in single-dose or in multiple-dose containers, preferably of Type I or Type II glass.
- **LABELING:** Label the *Injection* to indicate that it is to be diluted to the appropriate strength with Sterile Water for *Injection* or other suitable fluid before administration.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS** <11>
USP Endotoxin RS