Travoprost Ophthalmic Solution

DEFINITION

Travoprost Ophthalmic Solution is a sterile buffered aqueous solution of Travoprost. It contains NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of travoprost ($C_{26}H_{35}F_{3}O_{6}$). It may contain suitable stabilizers, buffers, and antimicrobial agents.

[CAUTION—Great care should be taken when handling the active ingredient to avoid contact with the body.]

IDENTIFICATION

- A. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.
- B. The UV spectrum of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

Change to read:

• PROCEDURE

Buffer: 2.18 mg/mL of <u>sodium 1-octanesulfonate</u> in <u>water</u>. Adjust with <u>phosphoric acid</u> to a pH of 3.5. **Mobile phase:** <u>Acetonitrile</u> and <u>Buffer</u> (17:33) **Standard solution:** 0.04 mg/mL of transport from USB Transport PS in a mixture of acetonitrile and

Standard solution: 0.04 mg/mL of travoprost from USP Travoprost RS in a mixture of acetonitrile and water (3:7)

Sample solution: Use Ophthalmic Solution without dilution.

Chromatographic system

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 220 nm. For Identification B, use a diode array detector in the range of 190-400 nm.

Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5-µm packing L1

Flow rate: 2.0 mL/min

Injection volume: 100 μL

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

[Note—<u>USP Travoprost RS</u> contains a small percentage of the 5,6-*trans* isomer. The relative retention times for travoprost and the 5,6-*trans* isomer are 1.0 and 1.1, respectively.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 1.5 between travoprost and the 5,6-trans isomer

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of travoprost ($C_{26}H_{35}F_{3}O_{6}$) in the portion of Ophthalmic Solution taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_{II}/r_{S}) \times (C_{S}/C_{II}) \times 100$$

 r_U = peak response of travoprost from the Sample solution

- r_{S} = peak response of travoprost from the *Standard solution*
- C_{S} = concentration of <u>USP Travoprost RS</u> (IRA 1-Sep-2020) in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- C_{II} = nominal concentration of travoprost in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%-110.0%

IMPURITIES

• LIMIT OF TRAVOPROST RELATED COMPOUND A

Buffer: Add 1.0 mL of phosphoric acid to 1.0 L of water, and adjust with sodium hydroxide to a pH of 3.0.

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile and Buffer (6:19)

Standard solution: 0.3 μ g/mL of <u>USP Travoprost Related Compound A RS</u> in a mixture of <u>acetonitrile</u> and <u>water</u> (1:4) **Sample solution:** Use Ophthalmic Solution without dilution.

Chromatographic system

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.) Mode: LC

Detector: UV 220 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 5-cm; 3-µm packing <u>L1</u>

Flow rate: 3.0 mL/min

Injection volume: 100 µL

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

Suitability requirements

Relative standard deviation: $\mathsf{NMT}\ 10.0\%$

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of travoprost related compound A in the portion of Ophthalmic Solution taken:

Result = $(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$

- r_{II} = peak response of travoprost related compound A from the Sample solution
- $r_{\rm S}$ = peak response of travoprost related compound A from the *Standard solution*
- $C_{\rm S}$ = concentration of <u>USP Travoprost Related Compound A RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- C_{II} = nominal concentration of travoprost in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: NMT 1.0%

Change to read:

• LIMIT OF DEGRADATION PRODUCTS

Buffer, Mobile phase, Standard solution, Sample solution, Chromatographic system, and System suitability: Proceed as directed in the Assay. Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of each degradation product in the portion of Ophthalmic Solution taken:

 $\text{Result} = (r_{II}/r_S) \times (C_S/C_{II}) \times (1/F) \times 100$

 r_U = peak response of each degradation product from the Sample solution

- r_{S} = peak response of travoprost from the *Standard solution*
- $C_{\rm S}$ = concentration of <u>USP Travoprost RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- C_U = nominal concentration of travoprost in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

F = relative response factor (see <u>Table 1</u>)

Acceptance criteria: See Table 1.

Table 1

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Travoprost	1.0	_	_
5,6- <i>trans</i> [▲] travoprost _{▲ (IRA 1-Sep-2020)} ^a	1.1	1.0	5.0
15-Keto [▲] -travoprost _{▲ (IRA 1-Sep-2020)} ^b	1.4	1.7	1.0
Total impurities [_]	_	_	5.5

a ▲Isopropyl (E)-7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(R,E)-3-hydroxy-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]but-1-enyl]cyclopentyl]hept-5-enoate. (IRA 1-Sep-2020)

^b AIsopropyl (Z)-7-[(1R,2R,3R,5S)-3,5-dihydroxy-2-[(E)-3-oxo-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]but-1-enyl]cyclopentyl]hept-5-enoate. (IRA 1-Sep-2020)

^c It is the sum of all degradation products, including travoprost related compound A, obtained in the test for *Limit of Travoprost Related Compound A*.

SPECIFIC TESTS

• **STERILITY TESTS** (71): Meets the requirements

Change to read:

• <u>PH (791)</u>

Acceptance criteria: 5.5-6.5

▲ If labeled to contain polyquarternium-1 as a preservative: 6.4–7.0

If labeled to contain zinc chloride as an ingredient: 5.5-5.9 (IRA 1-Sep-2020)

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

• PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in tight containers. Store between 2° and 25°.

Add the following:

• LABELING: If the Ophthalmic Solution is formulated with polyquarternium-1 as a preservative, it is so labeled. If the Ophthalmic Solution is formulated with zinc chloride as an ingredient, it is so labeled. (IRA 1-Sep-2020)

• USP Reference Standards (11)

USP Travoprost RS

USP Travoprost Related Compound A RS

(5Z,13E)-(9S,11R,15R)-9,11,15-Trihydroxy-16-(*m*-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-17,18,19,20-tetranor-5,13-prostadienoic acid;

Also known as (*Z*)-7-((1*R*,2*R*,3*R*,5*S*)-3,5-Dihydroxy-2-{(*R*,*E*)-3-hydroxy-4-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy]but-1-enyl}cyclopentyl)hept-5-enoic acid. $C_{23}H_{29}F_{3}O_{6}$ 458.47

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