

Olmesartan Medoxomil Tablets

Type of PostingRevision BulletinPosting Date26-Oct-2018Official Date01-Nov-2018

Expert Committee Chemical Medicines Monographs 2

Reason for Revision Compliance

In accordance with the Rules and Procedures of the 2015–2020 Council of Experts, the Chemical Medicines Monographs 2 Expert Committee has revised the Olmesartan Medoxomil Tablets monograph. The purpose for the revision is to widen the acceptance criteria for the *Definition* and *Assay* of olmesartan medoxomil from NLT 93.0% and NMT 105.0% to NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% based on the manufacturers' FDA-approved drug product specifications and to add *Dissolution Test* 3 to accommodate FDA-approved drug products with different tolerances than the existing dissolution tests.

• Dissolution Test 3 was validated using a Zorbax Rx C8 brand of L7 column. The typical retention time for olmesartan medoxomil is about 3.8 min.

The revision also necessitates a change in the table numbering in the *Organic Impurities* test.

The Olmesartan Medoxomil Tablets Revision Bulletin supersedes the currently official monograph.

Should you have any questions, please contact Donald Min, Senior Scientific Liaison (301-230-7457 or ddm@usp.org) or Tsion Billilign, Scientific Liaison (301-816-8286 or tb@usp.org).

Olmesartan Medoxomil Tablets

Change to read:

DEFINITION

Olmesartan Medoxomil Tablets contain NLT $^{\bullet}90.0\%_{\blacktriangle}$ (RB 1-Nov-2018) and NMT $^{\bullet}110.0\%_{\blacktriangle}$ (RB 1-Nov-2018) of the labeled amount of olmesartan medoxomil ($C_{29}H_{30}N_6O_6$).

IDENTIFICATION

- A. The UV absorption spectra of the major peak of the Sample solution exhibit maxima and minima at the same wavelengths as those of the corresponding peak of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.
 B. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample
- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample* solution corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

ASSAY

Change to read:

PROCEDURE

Solution A: 3.1 g/L of formic acid

Solution B: Acetonitrile and *Solution A* (10:90) **Solution C:** Acetonitrile and *Solution A* (90:10)

Mobile phase: See Table 1.

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution B (%)	Solution C (%)
0	68.8	31.2
1.5	37.5	62.5
1.6	68.8	31.2
3.0	68.8	31.2

Diluent: Acetonitrile and water (60:40)

Standard solution: 40 µg/mL of USP Ólmesartan

Medoxomil RS in Diluent

Sample stock solution: Prepare solutions of nominal concentrations of olmesartan medoxomil in *Diluent* as follows. To NLT 10 Tablets for 5- and 20-mg Tablet strengths and NLT 5 Tablets for 40-mg Tablet strength in a 200-mL volumetric flask, add *Diluent* to volume. Sonicate with occasional shaking to disintegrate the Tablets completely, centrifuge the suspension, and use the supernatant.

Sample solution: Nominally 40 µg/mL of olmesartan medoxomil in *Diluent* from *Sample stock solution*

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 249 nm. For *Identification A*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm.

Column: 2.1-mm × 5-cm; 1.7-µm packing L1

Column temperature: 35° Flow rate: 0.6 mL/min Injection volume: 1 µL System suitability Sample: Standard solution

Suitability requirements
Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of olmesartan medoxomil ($C_{29}H_{30}N_6O_6$) in the portion of Tablets taken:

Result =
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

 r_U = peak response of olmesartan medoxomil from the *Sample solution*

 r_s = peak response of olmesartan medoxomil from the *Standard solution*

C_s = concentration of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in the *Standard solution* (μg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of olimesartan medoxomil in the Sample solution (µg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: **▲**90.0%–110.0% **▲** (RB 1-Nov-2018)

PERFORMANCE TESTS

Change to read:

• Dissolution (711)

Test 1

Medium: pH 6.8 phosphate buffer (see Reagents, Indicators, and Solutions—Buffer Solutions)
For Tablets labeled to contain 5 mg: 500 mL

For Tablets labeled to contain 20 and 40 mg: 1000

mL

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm **Time:** 30 min

Diluent: Acetonitrile and water (60:40)

Standard stock solution: 2 mg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in *Diluent*

Medoxomil RS in *Diluent*

Standard solution: (L/V) mg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in *Medium*, where L is the label claim in mg/Tablet and V is the volume of the *Medium* in mL from the *Standard stock solution*

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a glass fiber filter of 1.2- μ m pore size.

Instrumental conditions

(See Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy (857).)

Mode: UV

Analytical wavelength: 258 nm

Cells

For Tablets labeled to contain 5 and 20 mg: 1 cm For Tablets labeled to contain 40 mg: 0.5 cm

Blank: Medium

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of olmesartan medoxomil $(C_{29}H_{30}N_6O_6)$ dissolved:

Result =
$$(A_U/A_S) \times C_S \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

 A_U = absorbance of the Sample solution A_S = absorbance of the Standard solution C_S = concentration of the Standard solution (mg/mL)

V = volume of Medium (see Medium)

L = label claim (mg/Tablet)

Tolerances: NLT 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of olmesartan medoxomil ($C_{29}H_{30}N_6O_6$) is dissolved.

Test 2: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 2*.

Medium: pH 7.2 phosphate buffer (see *Reagents, Indicators, and Solutions—Buffer Solutions*); 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 75 rpm

Time: 30 min

Standard stock solution: 0.2 mg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS prepared as follows. Transfer an appropriate amount of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS into a suitable volumetric flask. Dissolve in 30% of the flask volume of acetonitrile. Dilute with Medium to volume and mix.

Standard solution: (L/1000) mg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in Medium, from the Standard stock solution, where L is the label claim in mg/Tablet

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size and discard the first few milliliters of the filtrate.

Instrumental conditions

Mode: UV

Analytical wavelength: 257 nm

Cell: 1 cm Blank: Medium

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of olmesartan medoxomil (C₂₉H₃₀N₆O₆) dissolved:

Result =
$$(A_U/A_S) \times C_S \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

 A_U = absorbance of the Sample solution = absorbance of the Standard solution C_{S} = concentration of the Standard solution (mg/mL)

= volume of Medium, 900 mL = label claim (mg/Tablet)

Tolerances: NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of olmesartan medoxomil $(C_{29}H_{30}N_6O_6)$ is dissolved.

▲Test 3: If the product complies with this test, the labeling

indicates that it meets USP Dissolution Test 3. Medium: 0.05 M hydrochloric acid; 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm Time: 45 min

Buffer: 1.36 g/L of monobasic potassium phosphate in water. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 2.5.

Solution A: Acetonitrile and Buffer (20:80) **Solution B:** Acetonitrile and *Buffer* (80:20)

Mobile phase: See Table 2.

Table 2

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	75	25
4.0	52	48
5.0	75	25
7.0	75	25

Diluent A: Acetonitrile, water, and phosphoric acid (50:50:2)

Diluent B: Medium and Diluent A (50:50) Standard stock solution: 0.22 mg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in Diluent A, prepared as follows. Transfer an appropriate amount of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS to a suitable volumetric flask. Add Diluent A to 60% of the total volume and sonicate to dissolve. Dilute with Diluent A to volume and mix well.

Standard solution

For Tablets labeled to contain 5 mg: 2.75 µg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in Diluent B from the Standard stock solution

For Tablets labeled to contain 20 mg: 11 µg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in Diluent B from the Standard stock solution

For Tablets labeled to contain 40 mg: 22 µg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in Diluent B from the Standard stock solution

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45-um pore size and discard the first few milliliters of the filtrate. Transfer 5 mL of the filtered test solution to a 10-mL volumetric flask and dilute with Diluent A to volume.

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 250 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5-µm packing L7

Temperatures Autosampler: 5° Column: 30°

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min Injection volume: 10 µL

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

[Note—The relative retention times for olmesartan and olmesartan medoxomil are 0.45 and 1.00, respectively.]

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for olmesartan medoxomil Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0% for

olmesartan medoxomil

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution Calculate the concentration (C_1) of olmesartan medoxomil ($C_{29}H_{30}N_6O_6$) in the Sample solution:

Result =
$$(r_U/r_S) \times C_S$$

= peak response of olmesartan medoxomil from the Sample solution

= peak response of olmesartan medoxomil r_{S} from the Standard solution

 C_{s} = concentration of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in the Standard solution (mq/mL)

Calculate the concentration (C_2) of olmesartan as olmesartan medoxomil (C₂₉H₃₀N₆O₆) in the Sample solution:

Result =
$$(r_U/r_S) \times C_S \times (1/F) \times (M_{r2}/M_{r1})$$

 r_U = peak response of olmesartan from the Sample solution

= peak response of olmesartan medoxomil from the Standard solution

 C_{s} = concentration of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

= relative response factor, 0.88

 M_{r2} = molecular weight of olmesartan medoxomil, 558.59

 M_{r1} = molecular weight of olmesartan, 446.50

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of olmesartan medoxomil (C₂₉H₃₀N₆O₆) dissolved:

Result =
$$[(C_1 + C_2) \times D] \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

C₁ = concentration of olmesartan medoxomil in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

C₂ = concentration of olmesartan as olmesartan medoxomil in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

D = dilution factor for the Sample solution

V = volume of Medium, 900 mL

 = label claim for olmesartan medoxomil (mg/ Tablet)

Tolerances: NLT 75% (*Q*) of the labeled amount of olmesartan medoxomil (C₂₉H₃₀N₆O₆) is dissolved. • (BB 1-Nov-2018)

dissolved. ▲ (RB 1-Nov-2018)

• UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS ⟨905⟩: Meet the requirements

IMPURITIES

Change to read:

ORGANIC IMPURITIES

Buffer: 0.015 M monobasic potassium phosphate. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 3.5.

Solution A: Acetonitrile and *Buffer* (20:80) Solution B: Acetonitrile and *Buffer* (79:21)

Mobile phase: See *▲ Table 3*.

Table 3 (RB 1-Nov-2018)

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)	
0	75	25	
10	75	25	
35	0	100	
45	0	100	

Diluent: Acetonitrile and water (90:10)

System suitability solution: 0.01 mg/mL each of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS and USP Olmesartan Medoxomil Related Compound A RS in *Diluent*Standard solution: 0.01 mg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in *Diluent*

Sensitivity solution: 0.002 mg/mL of USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS in *Diluent* from the *Standard solution*Sample solution: Nominally 1 mg/mL of olmesartan medoxomil in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Dissolve a suitable number of Tablets in *Diluent*. Sonicate and/or shake occasionally to disintegrate the Tablets completely. Centrifuge and pass the supernatant through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size.

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 250 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 10-cm; 3.5-µm packing L7

Column temperature: 40° Flow rate: 1 mL/min Injection volume: 10 μL

System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Sensitivity solution

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 5 between olmesartan medoxomil and olmesartan medoxomil related compound A, *System*

suitability solution

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0% for both

peaks, System suitability solution

Signal-to-noise ratio: NLT 30, Sensitivity solution **Analysis**

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution Calculate the percentage of each degradation product in the portion of Tablets taken:

Olmesartan 3

Result =
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

 r_U = peak response of each degradation product from the *Sample solution*

 r_s = peak response of olmesartan medoxomil from the *Standard solution*

C_s = concentration of in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = nominal concentration of olmesartan medoxomil in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

F = relative response factor (see *ATable*

4) ▲ (RB 1-Nov-2018)

Acceptance criteria: See [▲]*Table 4.* _{▲ (RB 1-Nov-2018)}Disregard peaks below 0.1%.

^Table 4 (RB 1-Nov-2018)

1 (10 1-10-2010)						
Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)			
Olmesartana	0.2	1.0	2.5			
Olmesartan medoxomil related compound A ^b	0.7	1.6				
Olmesartan medoxomil	1.0	_	_			
Olmesartan dimer ^c	1.2	0.8	0.5			
Olefinic impurity ^d	1.5	1.0	0.6			
Any unspecified degradation product	_	1.0	0.2			
Total degradation products	_	_	4.1			

 $^{^{\}rm a}$ 1-{[2'-(1*H*-Tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}-4-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-2-propyl-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboxylic acid. $^{\rm b}$ This is a process-related impurity that is controlled in the drug substance.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in well-closed containers. Store at controlled room temperature.
- LABELING: When more than one Dissolution test is given, the labeling states the Dissolution test used only if Test 1 is not used.
- USP REFERENCE STANDARDS <11>

USP Olmesartan Medoxomil RS

USP Olmesartan Medoxomil Related Compound A RS 1-{[2'-(1H-Tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl]methyl}-4,4-dimethyl-2-propyl-1H-furo[3,4-d]imidazol-6(4H)-one. $C_{24}H_{24}N_6O_2$ 428.49

^D This is a process-related impurity that is controlled in the drug substance. ^C 1-({2'-(1*H*-Tetrazol-5-yl)-[1,1'-bipheny]-4-yl}methyl)-4-(2-{[1-({2'-(1*H*-tetrazol-5-yl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl}methyl)-4-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-2-propyl-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboxyl]oxy}propan-2-yl)-2-propyl-1*H*-imidazole-5-carboxylic acid.

 $^{^{\}rm d}$ (5-Methyl-2-oxo-1,3-dioxol-4-yl)methyl 1-((2'-(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)biphenyl-4-yl)methyl)-4-(prop-1-en-2-yl)-2-propyl-1H-imidazole-5-carboxylate.