

### **Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection**

**Type of Posting**Notice of Intent to Revise

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Targeted Official Date To Be Determined, Revision Bulletin

**Expert Committee** Small Molecules 2

In accordance with the Rules and Procedures of the Council of Experts and the <u>Pending Monograph</u> <u>Guideline</u>, this is to provide notice that the Small Molecules 2 Expert Committee intends to revise the Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection monograph.

Based on the supporting data received from a manufacturer awaiting FDA approval, the Expert Committee proposes to revise the Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection monograph to widen the *pH* test upper limit from "3.0–3.9" to "3.0–4.2", add flexibility for the Sorbitol requirement in the *Definition*, and add "if present" to the *Content of Sorbitol* test to allow flexibility and to accommodate FDA-approved drug products with different formulation using different excipients.

The proposed revision is contingent on FDA approval of a product that meets the proposed monograph specifications. The proposed revision will be published as a Revision Bulletin and an official date will be assigned to coincide as closely as possible with the FDA approval of the associated product.

See below for additional information about the proposed text.<sup>1</sup>

Should you have any questions, please contact V. Durga Prasad, Scientific Liaison (+91-40-4448-8723 or <a href="mailto:durgaprasad.v@usp.org">durgaprasad.v@usp.org</a>).

USP provides this text to indicate changes that we anticipate will be made official once the product subject to this proposed revision under the Pending Monograph Program receives FDA approval. Once FDA approval is granted for the associated revision request, a Revision Bulletin will be posted that will include the changes indicated herein, as well as any changes indicated in the product's final approval, combined with the text of the monograph as effective on the date of approval. Any revisions made to a monograph under the Pending Monograph Program that are posted without prior publication for comment in the *Pharmacopeial Forum* must also meet the requirements outlined in the <u>USP Guideline on Use of Accelerated Processes for Revisions to the *USP-NF*.</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This text is not the official version of a *USP–NF* monograph and may not reflect the full and accurate contents of the currently official monograph. Please refer to the current edition of the *USP–NF* for official text.

# **Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection**

### Change to read:

#### **DEFINITION**

Nicardipine Hydrochloride Injection is a sterile solution of Nicardipine Hydrochloride. It contains NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of nicardipine hydrochloride ( $C_{26}H_{29}N_3O_6 \cdot HCI$ ). AIf it contains sorbitol, NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of sorbitol ( $C_6H_{14}O_6$ ) is present.

#### **IDENTIFICATION**

- **A.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.
- **B.** The UV spectrum of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

#### **ASSAY**

PROCEDURE

Buffer: 1.36 g/L of monobasic potassium phosphate in water

**Mobile phase:** Methanol and Buffer (80:20) **Diluent:** Acetonitrile and Buffer (50:50)

**Standard solution:** 0.1 mg/mL of <u>USP Nicardipine Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Diluent*. Sonication may be used to aid in dissolution. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size. Discard the first 2–3 mL of the filtrate.

**Sample solution:** Nominally 0.1 mg/mL of nicardipine hydrochloride in *Diluent* from a suitable volume of Injection. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size. Discard the first 2–3 mL of filtrate. [Note—The *Sample solution* is stable for about 26 h.]

### **Chromatographic system**

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm. For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm.

**Column:** 4.6-mm  $\times$  25-cm; 5- $\mu$ m packing <u>L1</u>

Column temperature: 40°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min Injection volume: 20  $\mu$ L

Run time: NLT 2 times the retention time of nicardipine

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution
Suitability requirements
Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

**Analysis** 

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of nicardipine hydrochloride ( $C_{26}H_{29}N_3O_6\cdot HCI$ ) in the portion of Injection taken:

Result = 
$$(r_{II}/r_S) \times (C_S/C_{II}) \times 100$$

 $r_{ij}$  = peak response of nicardipine from the Sample solution

 $r_s$  = peak response of nicardipine from the *Standard solution* 

 $C_S$  = concentration of <u>USP Nicardipine Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

 $C_{II}$  = nominal concentration of nicardipine hydrochloride in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%-110.0%

### **IMPURITIES**

### • LIMIT OF N-BENZYL-N-METHYL-ETHANOLAMINE

**Solution A:** Dissolve 2.80 g of <u>sodium perchlorate monohydrate</u> in 1 L of <u>water</u>. Adjust with <u>perchloric</u> <u>acid</u> to a pH of 2.5.

**Solution B:** Acetonitrile and methanol (50:50)

Diluent: Acetonitrile and water (20:80)

Mobile phase: See Table 1.

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)		
0	95	5		
10	82	18		
12	20	80		
22	20	80		
24	95	5		
32	95	5		

**Standard solution:** 2.5 μg/mL of USP *N*-Benzyl-*N*-methyl-ethanolamine RS in *Diluent* prepared as follows. To a suitable amount of USP *N*-Benzyl-*N*-methyl-ethanolamine RS, add *Diluent* to 70% of the final volume. Sonicate to dissolve. Cool, and dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Pass the solution through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

**Sample solution:** Nominally 0.5 mg/mL of nicardipine hydrochloride in *Diluent* from a suitable volume of Injection. Pass the solution through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size.

### **Chromatographic system**

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 205 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm  $\times$  15-cm; 5- $\mu$ m packing <u>L1</u>

**Temperatures** 

Autosampler: 10°

Column: 30°

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min Injection volume: 50 μL

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution
Suitability requirements
Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0%

**Analysis** 

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of N-benzyl-N-methyl-ethanolamine in the portion of Injection taken:

Result = 
$$(r_I/r_S) \times (C_S/C_{II}) \times 100$$

 $r_{II}$  = peak response of N-benzyl-N-methyl-ethanolamine from the Sample solution

 $r_{\rm S}$  = peak response of N-benzyl-N-methyl-ethanolamine from the Standard solution

 $C_S$  = concentration of USP *N*-Benzyl-*N*-methyl-ethanolamine RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

 $C_{II}$  = nominal concentration of nicardipine hydrochloride in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: NMT 0.7%

### • ORGANIC IMPURITIES

**Solution A:** 3.5 g/L of <u>sodium perchlorate monohydrate</u> in <u>water</u>. Add 1 mL/L of <u>triethylamine</u>, and adjust with <u>perchloric acid</u> to a pH of 2.0.

**Solution B:** <u>Acetonitrile</u> and <u>methanol</u> (70:30)

Mobile phase: See Table 2.

Table 2

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)		
0	70	30		
15	70	30		
55	35	65		
60	35	65		
62	70	30		
70	70	30		

**Standard solution:** 0.02 mg/mL of <u>USP Nicardipine Hydrochloride RS</u> in <u>methanol</u> prepared as follows. To a suitable amount of <u>USP Nicardipine Hydrochloride RS</u> add <u>methanol</u> to 60% of the final volume.

Sonicate to dissolve. Cool, and dilute with <u>methanol</u> to volume. Pass the solution through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size.

**Sensitivity solution:** 0.002 mg/mL of <u>USP Nicardipine Hydrochloride RS</u> in <u>methanol</u> from *Standard solution* 

**Sample solution:** Nominally 2 mg/mL of nicardipine hydrochloride in <u>methanol</u> from a suitable volume of Injection. Pass the solution through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size. [Note—The *Sample solution* is stable for about 42 h at 10°.]

### **Chromatographic system**

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 239 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm  $\times$  15-cm; 5- $\mu$ m packing <u>L1</u>

**Temperatures** 

**Autosampler:** 10°

Column: 50°

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 µL

System suitability

Samples: Standard solution and Sensitivity solution

**Suitability requirements** 

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0, Standard solution

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0%, Standard solution

Signal-to-noise ratio: NLT 10, Sensitivity solution

**Analysis** 

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of each specified impurity and any unspecified degradation product in the portion of Injection taken:

Result = 
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times (1/F) \times 100$$

 $r_U$  = peak response of each specified impurity or any unspecified degradation product from the Sample solution

 $r_{\rm S}$  = peak response of nicardipine from the *Standard solution* 

 $C_{S}$  = concentration of <u>USP Nicardipine Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

 $C_{II}$  = nominal concentration of nicardipine hydrochloride in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

F = relative response factor (see <u>Table 3</u>)

Acceptance criteria: See <u>Table 3</u>.

Table 3

Name	Relative Retention Time	Relative Response Factor	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Nicardipine monoacid (nicardipine related compound A)ª	0.72	1.00	0.2
Nicardipine pyridine analog (nicardipine related compound B) $^{\underline{b}}$	0.94	0.42	2.5
Nicardipine	1.00	1.00	_
Any unspecified degradation product	_	_	0.2
Total impurities <sup>c</sup>	_	_	3.5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> 5-(Methoxycarbonyl)-2,6-dimethyl-4-(3-nitrophenyl)-1,4-dihydropyridine-3-carboxylic acid.

### **OTHER COMPONENTS**

### Change to read:

• CONTENT OF SORBITOL <sup>▲</sup>(if present)<sub>▲ (TBD)</sub>

**Buffer:** 1 g/L of tetrabutylammonium hydrogen sulfate in water

**Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile and Buffer (70:30)

**Standard solution:** 4.8 mg/mL of <u>USP Sorbitol RS</u> in *Mobile phase*. Pass the solution through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size. Sonication may be necessary to aid in dissolution.

**Sample solution:** Nominally 4.8 mg/mL of sorbitol in *Mobile phase* from the contents of NLT 3 Injection vials. Pass the solution through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size. [Note—Sample solution is stable for about 24 h.]

### **Chromatographic system**

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.)

Mode: LC

**Detector:** Refractive index

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-µm packing L8

Temperatures
Column: 40°
Detector: 50°
Flow rate: 1 mL/min
Injection volume: 25 µL

**Run time:** NLT 2 times the retention time of sorbitol

System suitability

**Sample:** Standard solution **Suitability requirements** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> 3-{2-[Benzyl(methyl)amino]ethyl} 5-methyl 2,6-dimethyl-4-(3-nitrophenyl)pyridine-3,5-dicarboxylate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> Total impurities include the sum of all organic impurities and *N*-benzyl-*N*-methyl-ethanolamine.

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

### **Analysis**

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of sorbitol ( $C_6H_{14}O_6$ ) in the portion of Injection taken:

Result = 
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

 $r_{II}$  = peak response of sorbitol from the Sample solution

 $r_S$  = peak response of sorbitol from the *Standard solution* 

 $C_S$  = concentration of <u>USP Sorbitol RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

 $C_{II}$  = nominal concentration of sorbitol in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%-110.0%

### **SPECIFIC TESTS**

• BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS TEST (85): Meets the requirements

• STERILITY TESTS (71): Meets the requirements

# Change to read:

• <u>PH (791)</u>: 3.0- <sup>▲</sup>4.2 (TBD)

• Particulate Matter in Injections (788): Meets the requirements for small-volume injections

• OTHER REQUIREMENTS: Meets the requirements for <u>Injections and Implanted Drug Products (1)</u>

## **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

• **Packaging and Storage:** Preserve in single-dose amber glass vials. Store at controlled room temperature.

• **LABELING:** Label it to indicate that it is to be diluted to the appropriate strength with a suitable intravenous fluid prior to administration.

• USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)

USP N-Benzyl-N-methyl-ethanolamine RS

2-[Benzyl(methyl)amino]ethanol.

USP Nicardipine Hydrochloride RS

**USP Sorbitol RS** 

p-Glucitol.

$$C_6H_{14}O_6$$
 182.17

### Page Information:

Not Applicable

#### **Current DocID:**

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