

Ethacrynic Acid Tablets

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Expert Committee	Small Molecules 2

In accordance with the Rules and Procedures of the Council of Experts, the Small Molecules 2 Expert Committee has revised the Ethacrynic Acid Tablets monograph. The purpose of the revision is to add *Dissolution Test 3* to accommodate FDA-approved drug products with different dissolution conditions and/or tolerances than the existing dissolution test(s).

Existing references to reagents have been updated for consistency with the reagent entry. For additional information about reagent cross references, please see the related <u>Compendial Notice</u>.

The Ethacrynic Acid Tablets Revision Bulletin supersedes the currently official monograph.

Should you have any questions, please contact Tsion Bililign, Scientific Liaison (301-816-8286 or tb@usp.org).

Ethacrynic Acid Tablets

DEFINITION

Ethacrynic Acid Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid $(C_{13}H_{12}CI_2O_4)$.

IDENTIFICATION

Change to read:

• A. Ultraviolet Absorption

Diluent: A mixture of <u>hydrochloric acid</u> and [▲] (RB 1-Apr-2021) methanol (9 in 1000)

Standard solution: 50 µg/mL of USP Ethacrynic Acid RS in Diluent

Sample solution: Nominally 50 µg/mL of ethacrynic acid in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Weigh a portion of finely powdered Tablets, equivalent to 50 mg of ethacrynic acid, and transfer to a separator containing 25 mL of 0.1 N hydrochloric acid. Extract with two 40-mL portions of methylene chloride, filter the extracts into a 100-mL volumetric flask, and dilute with methylene chloride to volume. Transfer 10.0 mL of this solution to a 100-mL volumetric flask, evaporate in a gentle current of air to dryness, and promptly dissolve the residue in a portion of *Diluent*, then dilute with *Diluent* to volume.
Acceptance criteria: The UV absorption spectrum of the *Sample solution* exhibits maxima and minima

at the same wavelengths as those of the Standard solution, concomitantly measured.

• B.

Sample solution: Nominally 12.5 mg/mL of ethacrynic acid prepared as follows. Add 2 mL of 1 N <u>sodium hydroxide</u> to a portion of the powdered Tablets equivalent to 25 mg of ethacrynic acid.

Analysis

Sample: Sample solution

Heat the *Sample solution* for several minutes in a boiling water bath. Cool the solution, acidify with 0.25 mL of 18 N <u>sulfuric acid</u>, add 0.5 mL of chromotropic acid sodium salt solution (1 in 10), then cautiously add 2 mL of <u>sulfuric acid TS</u>.

Acceptance criteria: A deep violet color is produced.

ASSAY

• Procedure

Solution A: Mix 10 mL of <u>triethylamine</u> and about 900 mL of <u>water</u> in a 1-L volumetric flask. Adjust with <u>phosphoric acid</u> to a pH of 6.8 ± 0.1 , dilute with <u>water</u> to volume, mix, and filter.

Mobile phase: <u>Acetonitrile</u> and *Solution A* (40:60). Filter and degas.

Diluent: Acetonitrile and water (40:60)

Standard solution: 0.5 mg/mL of USP Ethacrynic Acid RS in Diluent

Sample solution: Nominally 0.5 mg/mL of ethacrynic acid in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Transfer a portion of the powder from NLT 20 finely powdered Tablets, equivalent to about 50 mg of ethacrynic acid, to a 100-mL volumetric flask, add about 80 mL of *Diluent*, and shake or sonicate to dissolve the ethacrynic acid. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume, and mix.

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 254 nm

Column: 3.9-mm × 30-cm; packing <u>L1</u>

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μ L

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

Suitability requirements

Capacity factor, k': NLT 0.8

Column efficiency: NLT 1200 theoretical plates

Tailing factor: NMT 2

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid $(C_{13}H_{12}Cl_2O_4)$ in the portion of

Tablets taken:

Result = $(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$

 r_U = peak response of ethacrynic acid from the *Sample solution*

 $r_{\rm S}$ = peak response of ethacrynic acid from the *Standard solution*

 $C_{\rm S}$ = concentration of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

 C_{II} = nominal concentration of ethacrynic acid in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%-110.0%

PERFORMANCE TESTS

Change to read:

• **Dissolution** (711)

Test 1

Medium: 0.1 M phosphate buffer, prepared by mixing 13.6 g of <u>monobasic potassium phosphate</u> and 92.2 mL of 1 N <u>sodium hydroxide</u> with <u>water</u> to obtain 1000 mL of a solution having a pH of 8.0 ± 0.05; 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm

Time: 45 min

Standard solution: A known concentration of USP Ethacrynic Acid RS in Medium

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter. Dilute suitably with *Medium*.

Instrumental conditions

Mode: UV

Analytical wavelength: Maximum absorbance at about 277 nm

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid $(C_{13}H_{12}CI_2O_4)$ dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (A_U/A_S) \times C_S \times V \times D \times (1/L) \times 100$$

 A_{II} = absorbance of the Sample solution

- $A_{\rm S}$ = absorbance of the *Standard solution*
- $C_{\rm S}$ = concentration of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)
- V = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL
- D = dilution factor for the Sample solution
- L = label claim (mg/Tablet)

Tolerances: NLT 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid $(C_{13}H_{12}Cl_2O_4)$ is dissolved.

Test 2: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 2*.

Medium: Citrate buffer, pH 3.0 (17.2 g/L of <u>citric acid</u> and 5.3 g/L of <u>sodium citrate dihydrate</u> in <u>water</u>, adjusted with 1 N <u>sodium hydroxide</u> or <u>1 M acetic acid TS</u> to a pH of 3.0 ± 0.05); 900 mL, deaerated

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm

Time: 30 min

Solution A: 1% triethylamine solution in water, prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable aliquot of triethylamine to an appropriate volumetric flask containing 90% of the flask volume of water. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 6.8 ± 0.1. Dilute with water to volume.

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile and Solution A (40:60)

- **Standard stock solution:** 0.28 mg/mL of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u>, prepared as follows. Transfer a portion of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> to a suitable volumetric flask and add 10% of the flask volume of <u>methanol</u>. Dilute with *Medium* to volume.
- **Standard solution:** 0.028 mg/mL of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> from the *Standard stock solution*, in *Medium*
- **Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45- μ m pore size.

Chromatographic system

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 277 nm

Column: 3.9-mm × 30-cm; 10-µm packing L1

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 µL

Run time: NLT 2.4 times the retention time of ethacrynic acid

System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid $(C_{13}H_{12}Cl_2O_4)$ dissolved:

 $\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$

- r_U = peak response of ethacrynic acid from the Sample solution
- $r_{\rm S}$ = peak response of ethacrynic acid from the *Standard solution*
- $C_{\rm S}$ = concentration of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

- V = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL
- L = label claim (mg/Tablet)

Tolerances: NLT 80% (*Q*) of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid $(C_{13}H_{12}Cl_2O_4)$ is dissolved.

Test 3: If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test* 3.

Medium: Citrate buffer, pH 3.0 (dissolve 17.4 g of <u>citric acid</u>, <u>anhydrous</u> and 2.7 g of <u>sodium citrate</u> <u>dihydrate</u> in 800 mL of <u>water</u>, adjust with <u>5 N sodium hydroxide TS</u> to a pH of 3.0, and dilute with <u>water</u> to 1000 mL); 900 mL

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm

Time: <mark>45 min</mark>

- **Diluent:** Phosphate buffer, pH 8.0, prepared as follows. Dissolve 13.6 g of <u>potassium phosphate</u>, <u>monobasic</u> in 800 mL of <u>water</u>, add 92 mL of <u>1 N sodium hydroxide VS</u>, and dilute with <u>water</u> to 1000 mL. Adjust with <u>1 N sodium hydroxide VS</u> to a pH of 8.0.
- **Standard stock solution:** 0.3 mg/mL of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u>, prepared as follows. Transfer a portion of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> to a suitable volumetric flask,add *Diluent* to 60% of the flask volume, and sonicate to dissolve. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume.
- Standard solution: (L/900) mg/mL of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> from the Standard stock solution in Medium, where L is the label claim in mg/Tablet
- **Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size, discard a few milliliters, and collect the filtrate.

Instrumental conditions

(See <u>Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy (857)</u>.)

Mode: UV

Analytical wavelength: 277 nm

Blank: Medium

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid (C₁₃H₁₂Cl₂O₄) dissolved:

Result =
$$(A_U/A_S) \times C_S \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

- A_U = absorbance of the Sample solution
- A_S = absorbance of the Standard solution
- $C_{\rm S}$ = concentration of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- V = volume of Medium, 900 mL
- L = label claim (mg/Tablet)

Tolerances: NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid $(C_{13}H_{12}Cl_2O_4)$ is dissolved. $(RB_1-$

Apr-2021)

<u>UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905)</u>: Meet the requirements

Procedure for content uniformity (if applicable)

Diluent: A mixture of hydrochloric acid and methanol (9 in 1000)

Standard solution: 50 μ g/mL of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> in *Diluent*

Sample stock solution: Add 1 Tablet to a 100-mL volumetric flask containing 10 mL of <u>water</u>, and allow to stand for 15 min, shaking occasionally until the Tablet is disintegrated. Add *Diluent* to volume and mix. Pass a portion of the mixture through a suitable filter.

Sample solution: Nominally 50 µg/mL of ethacrynic acid in *Diluent* from the *Sample stock solution* prepared as follows. Pipet a volume of the *Sample stock solution*, equivalent to 5 mg of ethacrynic acid, into a 100-mL volumetric flask. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume and mix.

Instrumental conditions

Mode: UV

Analytical wavelength: Maximum absorbance at about 269 nm

Cell: 1 cm

Blank: Diluent

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of ethacrynic acid $(C_{13}H_{12}CI_2O_4)$ in the Tablet taken:

Result =
$$(A_{II}/A_S) \times (C_S/C_{II}) \times 100$$

 A_{II} = absorbance of the Sample solution

 $A_{\rm S}$ = absorbance of the *Standard solution*

 $C_{\rm S}$ = concentration of <u>USP Ethacrynic Acid RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (µg/mL)

 C_{μ} = nominal concentration of ethacrynic acid in the Sample solution (µg/mL)

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in well-closed containers.
- **LABELING:** When more than one *Dissolution* test is given, the labeling states the *Dissolution* test used only if *Test 1* is not used.
- USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11) USP Ethacrynic Acid RS

Page Information:

Not Applicable

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