### Drospirenone and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Posting</th>
<th>Revision Bulletin</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Posting Date</td>
<td>29-Mar-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Official Date</td>
<td>01-Apr-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expert Committee</td>
<td>Chemical Medicines Monographs 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reason for Revision</td>
<td>Compliance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**In accordance with the Rules and Procedures of the 2015–2020 Council of Experts, the Chemical Medicines Monographs 5 Expert Committee has revised the Drospirenone and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets monograph.**

The purpose of this revision is to:

- Widen the limit for 6-keto ethinyl estradiol in Table 2 from NMT 0.5% to NMT 0.8% in the *Acceptance Criteria* for drug products labeled to contain 3 mg of drospirenone and 0.02 mg of ethinyl estradiol to accommodate the sponsor’s FDA-approved specification.

- Widen the limit for any unspecified degradation product in Table 2 from NMT 0.3% to NMT 0.4% in the *Acceptance Criteria* for drug products labeled to contain 3 mg of drospirenone and 0.03 mg of ethinyl estradiol to accommodate the sponsor’s FDA-approved specification.

The Drospirenone and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets Revision Bulletin supersedes the currently official monograph.

Should you have any questions, please contact Mary Koleck, Senior Scientific Liaison (301-230-7420 or mpk@usp.org).
Drospirenone and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets

DEFINITION
Drospirenone and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of drospirenone (C_{20}H_{21}O_{2}) and NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of ethinyl estradiol (C_{18}H_{20}O_{2}).

IDENTIFICATION
• A. The retention times of the drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol peaks of the Sample solution correspond to those of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY
• PROCEDURE
Solution A: Dissolve 132 g of dibasic ammonium phosphate in 0.8 L of water, adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 6.8, and dilute to 1 L.

Solution B: Solution A and water (1:24)

Standard solution: (U/25) mg/mL of USP Drospirenone RS and USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS in Mobile phase, where L is the Tablet label claim, in mg/Tablet, of each compound.

Sample solution: Transfer 10 Tablets to a 250-mL volumetric flask, add 230 mL of Mobile phase, and sonicate with intermittent shaking for NLT 10 min, or until the Tablets are completely dispersed. Equilibrate to room temperature. Dilute with Mobile phase to volume, and centrifuge the sample until a clear supernatant is obtained. Use the supernatant.

Chromatographic system
(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC
Detector 1: UV 270 nm for drospirenone
Detector 2: Fluorescence, excitation wavelength at 285 nm, emission wavelength at 315 nm for ethinyl estradiol. [NOTE—Detector 1 and Detector 2 are connected in series.]
Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 3-µm packing L1
Column temperature: 22° ± 3°
Flow rate: 1.2 mL/min
Injection volume: 20 µL

System suitability
Sample: Standard solution
Suitability requirements
Tailing factor: Between 0.8 and 1.8 for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol
Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0% for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol

Analysis
Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution
Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of drospirenone (C_{20}H_{21}O_{2}) in the portion of Tablets taken:

Result = (r_u/r_d) × (C_d/C_u) × 100

r_u = peak response of drospirenone from the Sample solution
r_d = peak response of drospirenone from the Standard solution
C_d = concentration of USP Drospirenone RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
C_u = nominal concentration of drospirenone in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of ethinyl estradiol (C_{18}H_{20}O_{2}) in the portion of Tablets taken:

Result = (r_u/r_d) × (C_d/C_u) × 100

r_u = peak response of ethinyl estradiol from the Sample solution
r_d = peak response of ethinyl estradiol from the Standard solution
C_d = concentration of USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
C_u = nominal concentration of ethinyl estradiol in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%–110.0% of ethinyl estradiol; 90.0%–110.0% of drospirenone

PERFORMANCE TESTS
• DISSOLUTION (711)
Test 1: For drug products labeled to contain 3 mg of drospirenone and 0.03 mg of ethinyl estradiol, or 3 mg of drospirenone and 0.02 mg of ethinyl estradiol
Medium: Water; 900 mL
Apparatus 2: 50 rpm
Time: 30 min

Standard solution: (U/900) mg/mL of USP Drospirenone RS and USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS in Medium, where L is the Tablet label claim of each compound. A volume of methanol not exceeding 2% of the final total volume of solution may be used to aid in dissolving these compounds.

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable cellulose filter of 0.45-µm pore size, discarding the first 10 mL.

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile and water (40:60)

Chromatographic system
(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC
Detector: UV 270 nm (for drospirenone), in series with a fluorescence detector (for ethinyl estradiol), with excitation at 210 nm and detection at 315 nm, or with excitation at 281 nm and detection at 305 nm
Column: 4.6-mm × 6-cm; 3-µm packing L1
Column temperature: 22°
Flow rate: 1 mL/min
Injection volume: 100 µL

System suitability
Sample: Standard solution
Suitability requirements
Column efficiency: NLT 2000 for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol
Tailing factor: Between 0.8 and 1.5 for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol
Relative standard deviation: NMT 3% for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

[NOTE—In Medium, drospirenone is partially converted into 17-epidrospirenone, which has a relative retention time of approximately 1.2 relative to drospirenone. The amount of drospirenone dissolved is calculated from the sum of drospirenone and 17-epidrospirenone 1]

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of drospirenone (C_{20}H_{21}O_{2}) and ethinyl estradiol (C_{18}H_{20}O_{2}) dissolved:

Result = (r_u/r_d) × (C_d/L) × V × 100

r_u = peak response from the Sample solution
r_d = peak response from the Standard solution
2 Drospirenone

\[ C_s = \text{concentration of the Standard solution (mg/mL)} \]
\[ L = \text{label claim (mg/Tablet)} \]
\[ V = \text{volume of Medium, 900 mL} \]

**Tolerances:** NLT 85% (Q) of the labeled amount of drospirenone and NLT 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of ethinyl estradiol is dissolved.

**Test 2:** For drug products labeled to contain 3 mg of drospirenone and 0.02 mg of ethinyl estradiol. If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP Dissolution Test 2.

**Medium:** Water; 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 50 rpm

**Time:** 30 min

**Standard solution:** (L/900) mg/mL of USP Drospirenone RS and USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS in Medium, where L is the Tablet label claim of each compound

**Sample solution:** Centrifuge a portion of the solution under test at 3500 rpm for 15 min, and use the supernatant.

**Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile, methanol, and water (40:5:55)

**Chromatographic system**

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 265 nm (for drospirenone), in series with a fluorescence detector (for ethinyl estradiol), with excitation at 285 nm and detection at 310 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 10-cm; 3-µm packing L11

**Temperatures**

- **Column:** 30°
- **Autosampler:** 10°
- **Flow rate:** 1 mL/min
- **Injection volume:** 50 µL

**System suitability**

**Sample:** Standard solution

**Suitability requirements**

- **Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0 for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol
- **Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amounts of drospirenone (C_{20}H_{28}O_{5}) and ethinyl estradiol (C_{20}H_{24}O_{5}) dissolved:

\[ \text{Result} = \left( \frac{r_o}{r_s} \right) \times \frac{C_s}{L} \times V \times 100 \]

\[ r_o = \text{peak response from the Sample solution} \]
\[ r_s = \text{peak response from the Standard solution} \]
\[ C_s = \text{concentration of the Standard solution (mg/mL)} \]
\[ L = \text{label claim (mg/Tablet)} \]
\[ V = \text{volume of Medium, 900 mL} \]

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of drospirenone and NLT 85% (Q) of the labeled amount of ethinyl estradiol is dissolved.

**Test 3:** For drug products labeled to contain 3 mg of drospirenone and 0.02 mg of ethinyl estradiol, or 3 mg of drospirenone and 0.03 mg of ethinyl estradiol. If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP Dissolution Test 3.

**Medium:** Water; 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 50 rpm

**Time:** 30 min

**Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile and water (50:50)

**Standard stock solution A:** 2.8 µg/mL of USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS in acetonitrile. Sonicate as needed.

**Standard stock solution B:** 168 µg/mL of USP Drospirenone RS in acetonitrile. Sonicate as needed.

**Standard solution:** (L/900) mg/mL of USP Drospirenone RS and USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS in Medium from Standard stock solution A and Standard stock solution B, where L is the Tablet label claim of each compound

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable glass filter of 1-µm pore size, discarding the first 5 mL.

**Chromatographic system**

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 265 nm (for drospirenone), in series with a fluorescence detector (for ethinyl estradiol), with excitation at 285 nm and detection at 310 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5-µm packing L11

**Temperatures**

- **Column:** 30°
- **Autosampler:** 10°
- **Flow rate:** 1 mL/min
- **Injection volume:** 50 µL

**System suitability**

**Sample:** Standard solution

**Suitability requirements**

- **Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0 for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol
- **Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amounts of drospirenone (C_{20}H_{28}O_{5}) and ethinyl estradiol (C_{20}H_{24}O_{5}) dissolved:

\[ \text{Result} = \left( \frac{r_o}{r_s} \right) \times \frac{C_s}{L} \times V \times 100 \]

\[ r_o = \text{peak response from the Sample solution} \]
\[ r_s = \text{peak response from the Standard solution} \]
\[ C_s = \text{concentration of the Standard solution (mg/mL)} \]
\[ V = \text{volume of Medium, 900 mL} \]
\[ L = \text{label claim (mg/Tablet)} \]

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of drospirenone and NLT 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of ethinyl estradiol is dissolved.

**Organic impurities**

**Solution A:** Acetonitrile, methanol, and water (26:19:55)

**Solution B:** Acetonitrile, methanol, and water (76:19:5)

**Mobile phase:** See Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time (min)</th>
<th>Flow (mL/min)</th>
<th>Solution A (%)</th>
<th>Solution B (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Uniformity of dosage units**

Meet the requirements

**Impurities**

**Change to read:**

- **Organic impurities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Solution A</th>
<th>Solution B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acetonitrile, methanol, and water (26:19:55)</td>
<td>Acetonitrile, methanol, and water (76:19:5)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mobile phase:** See Table 1.
System suitability stock solution: \((L_1 \times 18/100)\) µg/mL of USP Drospirenone RS in Solution A, where \(L_1\) is the label claim (µg/Tablet) of drospirenone

System suitability solution: Transfer 1.0 mL of the System suitability stock solution into a 10-mL volumetric flask, add 1.0 mL of 0.1 N hydrochloric acid, and heat for 30 min in a 40° water bath. Immediately add 1 mL of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide (NaOH) and allow to reach room temperature. Dilute with Solution A to volume to obtain a solution containing drospirenone and 17-epidrospirenone. [Note—Sodium hydroxide (NaOH) must be added immediately after heating for the reaction to proceed properly. The drospirenone to 17-epidrospirenone ratio must be between 3:1 and 7:1.]

Standard solution: \((L_1 \times 15/1000)\) µg/mL of USP Drospirenone RS, \((L_2 \times 30/1000)\) µg/mL of USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS, and \((L_2 \times 30/1000)\) µg/mL of USP Ethinyl Estradiol Related Compound B RS in Solution A, where \(L_1\) and \(L_2\) are the label claim (µg/Tablet) of drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol, respectively

Sensitivity solution: \((L_1 \times 15/10,000)\) µg/mL of USP Drospirenone RS, \((L_2 \times 30/10,000)\) µg/mL of USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS, and \((L_2 \times 30/10,000)\) µg/mL of USP Ethinyl Estradiol Related Compound B RS in Solution A, where \(L_1\) and \(L_2\) are the label claim (µg/Tablet) of drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol, respectively, prepared from the Standard solution

Sample solution: Transfer 15 Tablets to a 10-mL glass-stoppered test tube, and add 5.0 mL of Solution A. Shake vigorously, sonicate for NLT 5 min, and place in an ice bath for NLT 10 min. Centrifuge the sample at least until an almost clear supernatant is obtained. Filter the supernatant, and use the filtrate.

Chromatographic system
(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC
Detector 1: UV 222 nm
Detector 2: Fluorescence, excitation wavelength at 215 nm, emission wavelength at 315 nm. Monitor the signal at 344 nm for ethinyl estradiol related compound B (typically between 37 and 42 min). [Note—Detector 1 and Detector 2 are connected in series. Use the response at 344 nm to quantify ethinyl estradiol related compound B.]
Column: 3.0-mm x 30-cm; 3-µm packing L1 followed, in series, by a 4.6-mm x 10-cm; chromolith packing L1
Column temperature: 40°
Flow rate: See Table 1.
Injection volume: 20 µL

System suitability
Samples: System suitability solution, Standard solution, and Sensitivity solution
Suitability requirements
Tailing factor: Between 0.8 and 1.5 for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol, Standard solution
Resolution: NLT 2.0 between drospirenone and 17-epidrospirenone, System suitability solution
Relative standard deviation: NMT 0.9% for both drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol, Standard solution
Signal-to-noise ratio: NLT 10 for drospirenone and ethinyl estradiol related compound B and NLT 7.0 for ethinyl estradiol, Sensitivity solution

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 1 (continued)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Time (min)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Analysis
Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution
Identify the ethinyl estradiol degradation products using the relative retention times given in Table 2. Calculate the percentage of each ethinyl estradiol degradation product and unspecified degradation products in the portion of Tablets taken:

\[
\text{Result} = \left( \frac{r_o}{r_s} \times \frac{C_i}{C_o} \right) \times (1/f) \times 100
\]

\(r_o\) = peak response of each ethinyl estradiol degradation product from the Sample solution
\(r_s\) = peak response of ethinyl estradiol from the Standard solution
\(C_i\) = concentration of USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS in the Standard solution (µg/mL)
\(C_o\) = nominal concentration of ethinyl estradiol in the Sample solution (µg/mL)
\(F\) = relative response factor for each degradation product (see Table 2)

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution
Calculate the percentage of ethinyl estradiol related compound B in the portion of Tablets taken:

\[
\text{Result} = \left( \frac{r_o/r_s} {C_i/C_o} \right) \times 100
\]

\(r_o\) = peak response of ethinyl estradiol related compound B from the Sample solution
\(r_s\) = peak response of ethinyl estradiol related compound B from the Standard solution
\(C_i\) = concentration of USP Ethinyl Estradiol Related Compound B RS in the Standard solution (µg/mL)
\(C_o\) = nominal concentration of ethinyl estradiol in the Sample solution (µg/mL)

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution
Identify the drospirenone degradation products using the relative retention times given in Table 3. Calculate the percentage of each drospirenone degradation product in the portion of Tablets taken:

\[
\text{Result} = \left( \frac{r_o/r_s} {C_i/C_o} \right) \times 100
\]

\(r_o\) = peak response of each drospirenone degradation product from the Sample solution
\(r_s\) = peak response of drospirenone from the Standard solution
\(C_i\) = concentration of USP Drospirenone RS in the Standard solution (µg/mL)
\(C_o\) = nominal concentration of drospirenone in the Sample solution (µg/mL)
\(F\) = relative response factor for each degradation product (see Table 3)

Acceptance criteria [Note—Report only degradation products greater than 0.1%.] Individual degradation products: See Table 2 for ethinyl estradiol and Table 3 for drospirenone.

Total degradation products: NMT 3.5%

Additional requirements
- Packaging and Storage: Preserve in well-closed containers.
- Labeling: When more than one Dissolution test is given, the labeling states the Dissolution test used only if Test 1 is not used.
- USP Reference Standards (11) USP Drospirenone RS

© 2019 The United States Pharmacopeial Convention All Rights Reserved.
USP Ethinyl Estradiol RS
USP Ethinyl Estradiol Related Compound B RS

19-Nor-17α-pregna-1,3,5(10),9(11)-tetraen-20-yn-3,17-diol monohydrate.

C_{20}H_{22}O_2 · H_2O 312.40