In accordance with the Rules and Procedures of the 2015–2020 Council of Experts, the Chemical Medicines Monographs 1 Expert Committee has revised the Doxycycline Calcium Oral Suspension monograph. The purpose for this revision is to delete the Organic Impurities test, in which the procedure may not be suitable for the analysis of the marketed product in the United States. USP intends to publish an additional revision proposal in the Pharmacopeial Forum to add an appropriate Organic Impurities test in the future. The revision also necessitates a change to the Reference Standards section, to delete the reference standards that were needed only for the Organic Impurities test.

The Doxycycline Calcium Oral Suspension Revision Bulletin supersedes the currently official monograph.

Should you have any questions, please contact Praveen K. Pabba, Scientific Liaison (301-816-8540 or pkp@usp.org).
Doxycycline Calcium Oral Suspension

**Definition**
Doxycycline Calcium Oral Suspension is prepared from Doxycycline Hyclate and contains one or more suitable buffers, colors, diluents, flavors, and preservatives. It contains the equivalent of NLT 90.0% and NMT 125.0% of the labeled amount of doxycycline (C_{22}H_{24}N_{2}O_{8}).

**Identification**
- A. The UV spectrum of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.
- B. The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

**Assay**

**Procedure**
Protect solutions containing doxycycline from light.

**Solution A**: Transfer 3.1 g of monobasic potassium phosphate, 0.5 g of edetate disodium, and 0.5 mL of triethylamine to a 1000-mL volumetric flask. Add about 850 mL of water and mix. Dilute with water to volume and adjust with 1 N sodium hydroxide to a pH of 8.5 ± 0.1. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.22-µm pore size.

**Solution B**: Methanol

**Mobile phase**: See Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time (min)</th>
<th>Solution A (%)</th>
<th>Solution B (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.0</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.0</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.0</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Diluent: 0.01 N hydrochloric acid

**Standard solution**: 0.12 mg/mL of USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS in Diluent. Sonicate as needed to dissolve.

**Sample solution**: Nominally 0.1 mg/mL of doxycycline in Diluent, prepared as follows. Transfer an adequate amount of Oral Suspension, freshly mixed and free from air bubbles, to a suitable volumetric flask. Add 80% of the final volume of Diluent, sonicate for about 15 min, and dilute with Diluent to volume. Centrifuge a portion of the solution for 10 min at 3000 rpm and use the supernatant for analysis.

**Chromatographic system**
(See Chromatography (621). System Suitability.)

**Mode**: LC

**Detector**: UV 270 nm. For Identification A, use a diode array detector in the range of 200-400 nm.

**Column**: 2.1-mm × 5-cm; 1.7-µm packing L7

**Suitability requirements**
- **Tailing factor**: NMT 1.5
- **Relative standard deviation**: NMT 2.0%

**Analysis**

**Samples**: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of doxycycline (C_{22}H_{24}N_{2}O_{8}) in the portion of Oral Suspension taken:

\[
\text{Result} = \left( \frac{r_r}{r_s} \right) \times \left( \frac{C_u}{C_s} \right) \times P \times F \times 100
\]

- \( r_r \) = peak response from the *Sample solution*
- \( r_s \) = peak response from the *Standard solution*
- \( C_s \) = concentration of USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)
- \( C_u \) = nominal concentration of doxycycline in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)
- \( P \) = potency of doxycycline in USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS (µg/mg)
- \( F \) = conversion factor, 0.001 mg/µg

**Acceptance criteria**: 90.0%–125.0%

**Performance tests**

- **Uniformity of Dosage Units** (905)
  - For single-unit containers
  - **Acceptance criteria**: Meets the requirements
- **Deliverable Volume** (698): Meets the requirements

**Impurities**

**Organic Impurities**
Protect solutions containing doxycycline from light.

**Mobile phase**, Diluent, and Chromatographic system: Proceed as directed in the *Assay*.

**System suitability stock solution 1**: 1 mg/mL each of USP Doxycycline Related Compound A RS and USP Methacycline Hydrochloride RS in Diluent

**System suitability stock solution 2**: 1.2 mg/mL of USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS in Diluent

**System suitability solution**: Transfer 5 mL of System suitability stock solution 1 to a 25-mL volumetric flask, heat on a steam bath for 60 min, and evaporate to dryness on a hot plate, taking care not to char the residue. Dissolve the residue in Diluent, add 0.5 mL of System suitability stock solution 1, and dilute with Diluent to volume. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.20-µm pore size and use the filtrate. This solution contains a mixture of 4-epidoxycycline, doxycycline related compound A, methacycline, and doxycycline. [Note—The solution is stable up to 14 days when stored in a refrigerator.]

**Standard solution**: 2.3 µg/mL of USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS in Diluent

**Sample solution**: Nominally 2.0 mg/mL of doxycycline in Diluent, prepared as follows. Transfer an adequate amount of Oral Suspension, freshly mixed and free from air bubbles, to a suitable volumetric flask. Add 60% of the final volume of Diluent, sonicate for about 15 min, and dilute with Diluent to volume. Centrifuge a portion of the solution for 10 min at 3000 rpm and use the supernatant for analysis.

**System suitability**
- **Samples**: System suitability solution and *Standard solution*
- **Suitability requirements**
  - **Resolution**: NLT 1.5 between methacycline and 4-epidoxycycline; NLT 1.5 between 4-epidoxycycline and doxycycline related compound A; and NLT 2.0 between doxycycline related compound A and doxycycline, System suitability solution
  - **Relative standard deviation**: NMT 5.0% for doxycycline, System suitability solution

**Analysis**
- **Samples**: Standard solution and Sample solution

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Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Oral Suspension taken:

\[
\text{Result} = \left( \frac{r_U}{r_S} \right) \times \left( \frac{C_S}{C_U} \right) \times P \times F \times 100
\]

- \( r_U \): peak response of each impurity from the Sample solution
- \( r_S \): peak response of doxycycline from the Standard solution
- \( C_S \): concentration of USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- \( C_U \): nominal concentration of doxycycline in the Sample solution (mg/mL)
- \( P \): potency of doxycycline in USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS (µg/mg)
- \( F \): conversion factor, 0.001 mg/µg

**Acceptance criteria:** See Table 2. Disregard peaks less than 0.1%.

### Table 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Relative Retention Time</th>
<th>Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Methacycline(a,b)</td>
<td>0.64</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Epidxycycline(c)</td>
<td>0.79</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doxycycline related compound A (6-epidxycycline)(h,d)</td>
<td>0.88</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Doxycycline</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SPECIFIC TESTS
- **pH** (791): 6.5–8.0

### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS
- **Packaging and Storage:** Preserve in tight, light-resistant containers.

Change to read:
- **USP Reference Standards** (11)
  USP Doxycycline Hyclate RS
  \(\uparrow\) (RB 1-Jan-2020)