

#### **Clomipramine Hydrochloride Capsules**

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Expert Committee	Chemical Medicines Monographs 4	
Reason for Revision	Compliance	

In accordance with the Rules and Procedures of the 2015–2020 Council of Experts, the Chemical Medicines Monographs 4 Expert Committee has revised the Clomipramine Hydrochloride Capsules monograph. The purpose for the revision is to revise *Dissolution Test 1* to accommodate FDA-approved drug products which use suitable sinkers.

The Clomipramine Hydrochloride Capsules Revision Bulletin supersedes the currently official monograph.

Should you have any questions, please contact Heather Joyce, Senior Scientific Liaison (301-998-6792 or <u>hrj@usp.org</u>).

# **Clomipramine Hydrochloride Capsules**

# DEFINITION

Clomipramine Hydrochloride Capsules contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of clomipramine hydrochloride ( $C_{19}H_{23}CIN_2 \cdot HCI$ ).

# IDENTIFICATION

• **A.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

• **B.** The UV spectrum of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

# ASSAY

## • PROCEDURE

Solution A: Add 2.5 mL of <u>acetic acid</u> to 1 L of <u>water</u>. Adjust with <u>stronger ammonia water</u> to a pH of 7.5.
Solution B: <u>Acetonitrile</u>, <u>methanol</u>, and <u>stabilizer-free tetrahydrofuran</u> (80:15:5)
Mobile phase: See <u>Table 1</u>.

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0.0	65	35
2.0	65	35
5.0	50	50
11.0	20	80
14.0	20	80
14.1	65	35
18.0	65	35

## Table 1

Diluent: Solution A and acetonitrile (50:50)

**System suitability solution:** 0.2 mg/mL of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> and 0.005 mg/mL of <u>USP</u> <u>Clomipramine Related Compound A RS</u> in *Diluent* 

Standard solution: 0.2 mg/mL of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Diluent* 

**Sample solution:** Nominally 0.2 mg/mL of clomipramine hydrochloride from Capsules in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Transfer a sufficient portion of the contents of Capsules (NLT 20) to a suitable volumetric flask. Add 60% of the final flask volume of *Diluent*. Shake by mechanical means for about 30 min. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Centrifuge to obtain a clear supernatant and use the clear supernatant. [Note—The use of a centrifuge speed of 3000 rpm for 10 min may be suitable.]

## Chromatographic system

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.)

## Mode: LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm. For *Identification B*, use a diode array detector in the range of 200–400 nm.

Column: 2.1-mm × 10-cm; 1.7-µm packing L1

Column temperature: 30°

Flow rate: 0.3 mL/min

Injection volume: 2 µL

## System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution

[Note—See <u>Table 2</u> for relative retention times.]

## Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between clomipramine and clomipramine related compound A, *System suitability solution* 

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%, Standard solution

## Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of clomipramine hydrochloride ( $C_{19}H_{23}CIN_2 \cdot HCI$ ) in the

portion of Capsules taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_{II}/r_{S}) \times (C_{S}/C_{II}) \times 100$$

 $r_{II}$  = peak response from the Sample solution

 $r_{\rm S}$  = peak response from the *Standard solution* 

 $C_{\rm S}$  = concentration of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 $C_{II}$  = nominal concentration of clomipramine hydrochloride in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 90.0%-110.0%

## PERFORMANCE TESTS

## Change to read:

• **Dissolution** (711)

Test 1

Medium: 0.1 N hydrochloric acid VS; 500 mL

# Apparatus 2: 50 rpm. <sup>A</sup>With suitable sinkers, if needed. (RB 8-Jul-2020)

Time: 30 min

Standard solution: USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS in Medium

**Sample solution:** Pass the solution under test through a suitable filter and use the filtrate. Dilute with *Medium*, if necessary, to a concentration that is similar to the *Standard solution*.

## Instrumental conditions

(See <u>Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy (857)</u>.)

Mode: UV

## Analytical wavelength: 252 nm

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of clomipramine hydrochloride ( $C_{19}H_{23}CIN_2 \cdot HCI$ ) dissolved:

 $\text{Result} = (A_{II}/A_{S}) \times C_{S} \times D \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$ 

- $A_{II}$  = absorbance of the Sample solution
- $A_{\rm S}$  = absorbance of the *Standard solution*

- $C_{\rm S}$  = concentration of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- *D* = dilution factor for the *Sample solution*
- V = volume of *Medium*, 500 mL
- L = label claim (mg/Capsule)

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of clomipramine hydrochloride  $(C_{19}H_{23}CIN_2 \cdot HCI)$  is dissolved.

**Test 2:** If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP *Dissolution Test 2*. **Medium:** <u>0.01 N hydrochloric acid TS</u>; 500 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 75 rpm with sinkers

Time: 15 min

- **Solution A:** 55 g/L of <u>sodium 1-heptanesulfonate</u> in solution prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable amount of <u>sodium 1-heptanesulfonate</u> to an appropriate volumetric flask. Add 50% of the flask volume of <u>water</u> and dilute with <u>glacial acetic acid</u> to volume.
- **Solution B:** To an appropriate volumetric flask, add 4% of the flask volume of *Solution A* and 0.4% of the flask volume of <u>triethylamine</u>. Dilute with <u>water</u> to volume.
- **Mobile phase:** To an appropriate volumetric flask, add 50% of the flask volume of *Solution B*. Adjust the resulting solution with <u>phosphoric acid</u> to a pH of 3.2. Dilute with <u>acetonitrile</u> to volume.
- **Standard stock solution:** 0.5 mg/mL of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Medium*. Sonication may be used to promote dissolution.
- **Standard solution:** (*L*/500) mg/mL of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> from the *Standard stock solution* in *Medium*, where *L* is the label claim in mg/Capsule
- **Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter and discard NLT the first 5 mL of filtrate.

## Chromatographic system

(See <u>Chromatography (621), System Suitability</u>.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 254 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-µm packing <u>L1</u>

Column temperature: 35°

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 10 μL

Run time: NLT 1.4 times the retention time of clomipramine

#### System suitability

Sample: Standard solution

**Suitability requirements** 

Tailing factor: 0.8–2.0

Relative standard deviation: NMT 1.0%

#### Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of clomipramine hydrochloride ( $C_{19}H_{23}CIN_2 \cdot HCI$ ) dissolved:

Result = 
$$(r_{II}/r_{S}) \times C_{S} \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

 $r_{II}$  = peak response from the Sample solution

 $r_{\rm S}$  = peak response from the *Standard solution* 

- $C_{\rm S}$  = concentration of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- V = volume of the *Medium*, 500 mL
- L = label claim of clomipramine hydrochloride (mg/Capsule)

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of clomipramine hydrochloride ( $C_{19}H_{23}CIN_2 \cdot HCI$ ) is

dissolved.

## • Uniformity of Dosage Units (905)

### **Procedure for content uniformity**

Standard solution: 30 µg/mL of USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS in methanol

Sample stock solution: Transfer the contents of 1 Capsule to a 100-mL volumetric flask with the aid of <u>methanol</u>. Add about 75 mL of <u>methanol</u>, shake by mechanical means for 1 h, and dilute with <u>methanol</u> to volume.

Sample solution: Nominally 30 µg/mL of clomipramine hydrochloride from the Sample stock solution in methanol

#### Instrumental conditions

(See <u>Ultraviolet-Visible Spectroscopy (857)</u>.)

Mode: UV

Analytical wavelength: 252 nm Cell: 1 cm Blank: Methanol

# Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of clomipramine hydrochloride ( $C_{19}H_{23}CIN_2 \cdot HCI$ ) in

the Capsule taken:

Result = 
$$(A_{II}/A_{S}) \times (C_{S}/C_{II}) \times 100$$

 $A_{II}$  = absorbance of the Sample solution

 $A_{\rm S}$  = absorbance of the *Standard solution* 

 $C_{\rm S}$  = concentration of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> in the *Standard solution* (µg/mL)

 $C_{\mu}$  = nominal concentration of clomipramine hydrochloride in the Sample solution (µg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: Meet the requirements

### IMPURITIES

### • Organic Impurities

Solution A, Solution B, Mobile phase, Diluent, and Chromatographic system: Proceed as directed in the *Assay*.

- **System suitability solution:** 0.5 mg/mL of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> and 0.0025 mg/mL of <u>USP</u> <u>Clomipramine Related Compound A RS</u> in *Diluent*
- **Standard solution:** 0.0025 mg/mL each of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u>, <u>USP Clomipramine Related</u> <u>Compound C RS</u>, and <u>USP Imipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> in *Diluent*

**Sample solution:** Nominally 0.5 mg/mL of clomipramine hydrochloride from Capsules in *Diluent* prepared as follows. Transfer a sufficient portion of the contents of Capsules (NLT 20) to a suitable volumetric flask. Add 60% of the final flask volume of *Diluent*. Shake by mechanical means for about 30 min. Dilute with *Diluent* to volume. Centrifuge to obtain a clear supernatant and use the clear supernatant. [Note—The use of a centrifuge speed of 3000 rpm for 10 min may be suitable.]

### System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution

[NOTE—See <u>Table 2</u> for relative retention times.]

### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 2.0 between clomipramine and clomipramine related compound A, *System suitability solution* 

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0% for all standard peaks, Standard solution

## Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of each specified impurity in the portion of Capsules taken:

Result = 
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

 $r_{II}$  = peak response of each specified impurity from the Sample solution

- $r_{\rm S}$  = peak response of the corresponding USP Reference Standard from the *Standard solution*
- $C_S$  = concentration of the corresponding USP Reference Standard in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)
- $C_{II}$  = nominal concentration of clomipramine hydrochloride in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Calculate the percentage of each unspecified impurity in the portion of Capsules taken:

Result = 
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

 $r_{II}$  = peak response of each unspecified impurity from the Sample solution

 $r_{\rm S}$  = peak response of clomipramine from the *Standard solution* 

- $C_{\rm S}$  = concentration of <u>USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS</u> in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- $C_{11}$  = nominal concentration of clomipramine hydrochloride in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See <u>Table 2</u>. The reporting threshold is 0.03%.

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Imipramine	0.77	1.0
Clomipramine related compound C	0.87	0.5
Clomipramine	1.00	_
Clomipramine related compound A <sup>a</sup>	1.1	_
Clomipramine related compound D <sup>a,b</sup>	1.2	_
Clomipramine related compound F <sup>a,c</sup>	1.5	_
Any individual unspecified impurity	_	0.5
Total impurities	_	2.0

Table 2

<sup>a</sup> Process impurity included in the table for identification only. Process impurities are controlled in the drug substance, and are not to be reported or included in the total impurities for the drug product.

- <sup>b</sup> 3-(3,7-Dichloro-10,11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo[*b*,*f*]azepin-5-yl)-*N*,*N*-dimethylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride.
- <sup>c</sup> 3-Chloro-10,11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo[*b*,*f*]azepine.

#### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

• **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight, light-resistant containers. Protect from moisture. Store at controlled room temperature.

- LABELING: The labeling states the *Dissolution* test used only if *Test 1* is not used.
- USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11) USP Clomipramine Hydrochloride RS USP Clomipramine Related Compound A RS

 $N^{1}$ -[3-(3-Chloro-10,11-dihydro-5*H*-dibenzo[*b*,*f*]azepin-5-yl)propyl]- $N^{1}$ , $N^{3}$ , $N^{3}$ -trimethylpropane-1,3-diamine dihydrochloride.

 $C_{23}H_{32}CIN_3 \cdot 2HCI$  458.89

USP Clomipramine Related Compound C RS

3-(3-Chloro-5*H*-dibenzo[*b*,*f*]azepin-5-yl)-*N*,*N*-dimethylpropan-1-amine hydrochloride, monohydrate.

 $C_{19}H_{21}CIN_2 \cdot HCI \cdot H_2O$  367.31

USP Imipramine Hydrochloride RS

#### Page Information:

Not Applicable

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