Amoxicillin Capsules

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Posting Date: 27–Apr–2018
Official Date: 01–May–2018
Expert Committee: Chemical Medicines Monographs 1
Reason for Revision: Compliance

In accordance with the Rules and Procedures of the 2015–2020 Council of Experts, the Chemical Medicines Monographs 1 Expert Committee has postponed the test for Organic Impurities in the Amoxicillin Capsules monograph. This postponement also necessitates postponing the additions of USP Amoxicillin Related Compound C RS and USP Amoxicillin Related Compound H RS to the USP Reference Standards section.

USP has received comments concerning the relative retention time of one of the impurities, and limits for several impurities are tighter than approved limits. Additional information will be required in order to resolve the concerns that have been raised. Interested parties are invited to contact USP for additional information on this topic and to get involved in the revision process. The process for and timing of the revision will be determined following additional considerations by the Expert Committee and USP staff.

The Amoxicillin Capsules Revision Bulletin supersedes the monograph becoming official in USP 41–NF 36.

Should you have any questions, please contact Ramanujam Prasad, Senior Scientific Liaison (301-816-8211 or rsp@usp.org).
Amoxicillin Capsules

**DEFINITION**
Amoxicillin Capsules contain the equivalent of NLT 90.0% and NMT 120.0% of the labeled amount of amoxicillin (C16H18N5O5).

**IDENTIFICATION**
- **A.** The retention time of the major peak of the **Sample solution** corresponds to that of the **Standard solution**, as obtained in the Assay.

**ASSAY**

**Change to read:**

- **PROCEDURE**
  - **Buffer:** Dissolve 6.8 g/L of monobasic potassium phosphate in water. Adjust with 45% potassium hydroxide TS to a pH of 5.0 ± 0.1.
  - **Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile and Buffer (1:24)
  - **Standard solution:** 1.2 mg/mL of USP Amoxicillin RS in Buffer. [Note—Use this solution within 6 h.]

**Sample solution:** Remove, as completely as possible, the contents of NLT 20 Capsules. Mix the combined contents, and transfer a quantity, equivalent to 200 mg of anhydrous amoxicillin, to a 200-mL volumetric flask. Add Buffer to volume. Sonicate if necessary to ensure complete dissolution. [Note—Use this solution within 6 h.]

**Chromatographic system**
(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)
- **Mode:** LC
- **Detector:** UV 230 nm
- **Column:** 4-mm × 25-cm; 10-µm packing L1
- **Flow rate:** 1.5 mL/min
- **Injection volume:** 10 µL

**System suitability**
- **Sample:** **Standard solution**
- **Suitability requirements**
  - **Tailing factor:** NMT 2.5
  - **Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

**Analysis**
- **Samples:** **Standard solution** and **Sample solution**

Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of amoxicillin (C16H18N5O5) in the portion of Capsules taken:

\[
\text{Result} = \left( \frac{r_{s}/r_{f}}{C_{s}/C_{f}} \right) \times P \times F \times 100
\]

- \(r_{s}\) = peak response from the **Sample solution**
- \(r_{f}\) = peak response from the **Standard solution**
- \(C_{s}\) = concentration of USP Amoxicillin RS in the **Standard solution** (mg/mL)
- \(C_{f}\) = nominal concentration of amoxicillin in the **Sample solution** (mg/mL)
- \(P\) = potency of amoxicillin in USP Amoxicillin RS (µg/mg)
- \(F\) = conversion factor, 0.001 mg/µg

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–120.0%

**PERFORMANCE TESTS**
- **Dissolution (711)**
  - **Test 1:**
    - **Medium:** Water; 900 mL
    - **Apparatus 1:** 100 rpm, for Capsules containing 250 mg
    - **Apparatus 2:** 75 rpm, for Capsules containing 500 mg
    - **Time:** 60 min
    - **Analytical wavelength:** UV 272 nm
  - **Test 2:** If the product complies with this test, the labeling indicates that it meets USP Dissolution Test 2. **Medium:** Water; 900 mL **Apparatus 1:** 100 rpm **Time:** 90 min **Analytical wavelength:** UV 272 nm **Standard solution:** USP Amoxicillin RS in **Medium**

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of amoxicillin (C16H18N5O5) is dissolved.

**IMPURITIES**
- **Organic Impurities**
  - **Solution A:** 6.8 g/L of monobasic potassium phosphate in water. Adjust with a 20% (w/v) solution of sodium hydroxide to a pH of 5.0 ± 0.1.
  - **Solution B:** Acetonitrile
  - **Mobile phase:** See Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time (min)</th>
<th>Solution A (%)</th>
<th>Solution B (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>84</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Impurity stock solution:** 0.15 mg/mL each of USP Amoxicillin Related Compound C RS and USP Amoxicillin Related Compound H RS in Solution A, prepared as follows. Transfer a weighed amount of USP Amoxicillin Related Compound C RS and USP Amoxicillin Related Compound H RS to a suitable volumetric flask. Add acetonitrile to fill 10% of the flask volume and Solution A to fill 60% of the flask volume. Sonicate to dissolve and dilute with Solution A to volume.

**System suitability solution:** 1.5 mg/mL of USP Amoxicillin RS and 0.015 mg/mL each of USP Amoxicillin RS and 0.015 mg/mL each of USP Amoxicillin Related Compound C RS and USP Amoxicillin Related Compound H RS in Solution A, prepared as follows. Transfer a weighed amount of USP Amoxicillin Related Compound C RS and USP Amoxicillin Related Compound H RS to a suitable volumetric flask. Add Solution A to fill 60% of the flask volume. Add an appropriate volume of Impurity stock solution to the volumetric flask. Sonicate to dissolve and dilute with Solution A to volume.
2 Amoxicillin

Standard solution: 0.017 mg/mL of USP Amoxicillin RS in Solution A. Sonicate if necessary to dissolve. Use this solution immediately after preparation.

Sample solution: Nominally 1.5 mg/mL of amoxicillin from the Capsules, prepared as follows. Transfer Capsule powder equivalent to 75 mg of amoxicillin into a 50-mL volumetric flask. Add Solution A to fill 60% of the final flask volume. Sonicate for 15 min and dilute with Solution A to volume. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size. Use this solution immediately after preparation.

Chromatographic system
(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)
Mode: LC
Detector: UV 230 nm
Column: 4.6-mm x 15-cm; 5-µm packing L7
Column temperature: 40°
Flow rate: 2 mL/min
Injection volume: 20 µL
System suitability
Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution
[NOTE—See Table 2 for relative retention times.]
Suitability requirements
Resolution: NLT 1.5 between amoxicillin related compound C and amoxicillin related compound H, System suitability solution
Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0%, Standard solution

Analysis
Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution
Calculate the percentage of each degradation product in the portion of Capsules taken:

\[
\text{Result} = \frac{r_U}{r_S} \times \frac{(C_U/1000)}{P} \times \frac{(F_1/F_2) \times 100}{1}
\]

\(r_U\) = peak response of each degradation product from the Sample solution
\(r_S\) = peak response of amoxicillin from the Standard solution
\(C_U\) = concentration of USP Amoxicillin RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)
\(C_S\) = nominal concentration of amoxicillin in the Sample solution (mg/mL)
\(P\) = potency of amoxicillin in USP Amoxicillin RS (µg/mg)
\(F_1\) = conversion factor, 0.001 mg/µg
\(F_2\) = relative response factor (see Table 2)

Acceptance criteria: See Table 2. Disregard any peak less than 0.05%.

Table 2 (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Relative Retention Time</th>
<th>Relative Response Factor</th>
<th>Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amoxicillin related compound (\text{E}^{1,9}) (6-hydroxyphosphorylglucine)</td>
<td>0.19</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amoxicillin related compound (\text{D}^{1-d}) (amoxicillin open ring)</td>
<td>0.36, 0.47</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amoxicillin related compound (\text{A}^{1-k}) (6-aminopenicillanic acid)</td>
<td>0.66</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amoxicillin related compound (\text{B}^{1-l}) (l-amoxicillin)</td>
<td>0.82</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

\(\text{C}\) = potency of amoxicillin in USP Amoxicillin
\(\text{U}\) = peak response of each degradation product
\(\text{S}\) = concentration of USP Amoxicillin RS in the Sample solution

\(\text{r}\) = relative response factor
\(\text{f}\) = factor, 0.001 mg/µg

\(\text{a}\) These are process impurities that are controlled in the drug substance. They are listed here for reference only and are not to be reported.
\(\text{b}\) (R)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetic acid.
\(\text{c}\) (4S)-2-[(4S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]carboxy)methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{d}\) These are process impurities that are controlled in the drug substance. They are listed here for reference only and are not to be reported.
\(\text{e}\) (2S)-6-[(2S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid and (4S)-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{f}\) (R)-2-[(4S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{g}\) (2S)-6-[(2S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid and (4S)-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{h}\) (4S)-2-[(4S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{i}\) (R)-2-[(4S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{j}\) (2S)-6-[(2S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{k}\) (R)-2-[(4S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{l}\) (2S)-6-[(2S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{m}\) (R)-2-[(4S)-2-Amino-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)acetamido]methyl-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\(\text{n}\) Co-oligomers of amoxicillin and penicilloic acids of amoxicillin. ▲ USP41

▲(Postponed on 1-May-2018) ▲ (RB 1-May-2018)

SPECIFIC TESTS
• MICROBIAL ENUMERATION TESTS (61) and TESTS FOR SPECIFIED MICROORGANISMS (62): The total aerobic microbial count does not exceed 10² cfu/g, and the total combined molds and yeasts count does not exceed 10³ cfu/g.
ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **Packaging and Storage:** Preserve in tight containers, and store at controlled room temperature.
- **Labeling:** When more than one Dissolution test is given, the labeling states the Dissolution test used only if Test 1 is not used.

**Change to read:**

- **USP Reference Standards (11)**
  - USP Amoxicillin RS

▲ USP Amoxicillin Related Compound C RS
(4S)-2-[5-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-3,6-dioxopiperazin-2-yl]-5,5-dimethylthiazolidine-4-carboxylic acid.
\( \text{C}_{16} \text{H}_{19} \text{N}_{3} \text{O}_{5} \text{S} \) ▲ 365.40

USP Amoxicillin Related Compound H RS
(R)-2-(4-Hydroxyphenyl)-2-pivalamidoacetic acid.
\( \text{C}_{13} \text{H}_{17} \text{NO}_{4} \) ▲ 251.28 ▲ USP41
▲ (Postponed on 1-May-2018) ▲ (RB 1-May-2018)