

## Pimozide Tablets

### DEFINITION

Pimozide Tablets contain NLT 90.0% and NMT 110.0% of the labeled amount of pimozide (C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>29</sub>F<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O).

### IDENTIFICATION

#### Change to read:

- **A. • INFRARED ABSORPTION** (197): [NOTE—Methods described in (197K) or (197A) may be used.] • (IRA 1-Nov-2016)  
**Sample:** Grind an appropriate number of Tablets to prepare a 1-mg/mL solution of pimozide in dichloromethane. Shake the solution for 5 min, and pass through a suitable filter. Evaporate the filtrate to dryness under reduced pressure. • Use the dried residue.  
 • (IRA 1-Nov-2016)  
**Acceptance criteria:** • Meet the requirements. • (IRA 1-Nov-2016)
- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

### ASSAY

#### PROCEDURE

Protect all pimozide solutions from light.  
**Solution A:** 2.5 g/L of ammonium acetate and 8.5 g/L of tetrabutylammonium hydrogen sulfate in water  
**Solution B:** Acetonitrile  
**Mobile phase:** See *Table 1*.

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	80	20
10	70	30
15	70	30
16	80	20
30	80	20

**System suitability solution:** 0.04 mg/mL of USP Pimozide RS and 0.02 mg/mL of USP Mebendazole RS in methanol

**Standard solution:** 0.4 mg/mL of USP Pimozide RS in methanol

**Sample solution:** Nominally 0.4 mg/mL of pimozide prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable number of powdered Tablets (NLT 20) to a suitable volumetric flask. Add about 70% of the flask volume of methanol, and mechanically shake for 30 min. Dilute with methanol to volume, and mix well with the aid of sonication for 10 min. Centrifuge, and pass a portion of the supernatant through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

#### Chromatographic system

(See *Chromatography* (621), *System Suitability*.)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 280 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 10-cm; 3-μm packing L1

**Flow rate:** 2 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 10 μL

#### System suitability

**Samples:** *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for mebendazole and pimozide are 0.88 and 1.0, respectively.]

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 5.0 between the pimozide and mebendazole peaks, *System suitability solution*

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0% for pimozide, *Standard solution*

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*  
 Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of pimozide (C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>29</sub>F<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O) in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of pimozide from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of pimozide from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of USP Pimozide RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of pimozide in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

**Acceptance criteria:** 90.0%–110.0%

### PERFORMANCE TESTS

#### Change to read:

#### DISSOLUTION (711)

**Medium:** 0.01 N hydrochloric acid; 900 mL

**Apparatus 2:** 50 rpm

**Time:** 30 min

• **Buffer:** 5 g/L of ammonium acetate in water. Adjust with glacial acetic acid to a pH of 4.5.

**Mobile phase:** Acetonitrile and *Buffer* (40:60)

**Standard solution:** (L/900) mg/mL of USP Pimozide RS in *Mobile phase*, where L is the label claim of pimozide in mg/Tablet

**Sample solution:** Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

#### Chromatographic system

(See *Chromatography* (621), *System Suitability*.)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 280 nm

**Column:** 3.0-mm × 25-cm; 5-μm packing L1

**Flow rate:** 0.8 mL/min

**Injection volume:** 100 μL

**Run time:** 2.5 times the retention time of pimozide

#### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

#### Suitability requirements

**Tailing factor:** NMT 2.0

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*  
 Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of pimozide (C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>29</sub>F<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O) dissolved:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times C_S \times V \times (1/L) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of pimozide from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of pimozide from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of USP Pimozide RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$V$  = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL

$L$  = label claim (mg/Tablet) • (IRA 1-Nov-2016)

**Tolerances:** NLT 80% (Q) of the labeled amount of pimozide (C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>29</sub>F<sub>2</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O) is dissolved.

- **UNIFORMITY OF DOSAGE UNITS (905), Content Uniformity:** Meet the requirements

## 2 Pimozide

### IMPURITIES

#### Change to read:

- **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**

Protect all pimozide solutions from light.

**Solution A, Solution B, Mobile phase, System suitability solution, and Chromatographic system:** Proceed as directed in the *Assay*.

**Standard solution:** 0.01 mg/mL of USP Pimozide RS in methanol

**Sample solution:** Nominally 2 mg/mL of pimozide prepared as follows. Transfer a suitable number of powdered Tablets (NLT 20) to a suitable volumetric flask.

Add about 70% of the flask volume of methanol, and mechanically shake for 30 min. Dilute with methanol to volume, and mix well with the aid of sonication for 10 min. Centrifuge, and pass a portion of the supernatant through a suitable filter of 0.45- $\mu$ m pore size.

#### System suitability

**Samples:** *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for mebendazole and pimozide are 0.88 and 1.0, respectively.]

#### Suitability requirements

**Resolution:** NLT 5.0 between pimozide and mebendazole, *System suitability solution*

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 5.0%, *Standard solution*

### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Tablets taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

$r_U$  = peak response of each impurity from the *Sample solution*

$r_S$  = peak response of pimozide from the *Standard solution*

$C_S$  = concentration of USP Pimozide RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_U$  = nominal concentration of pimozide in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

### Acceptance criteria

• **Any individual degradation product:** NMT 1.0%

**Total degradation products:** NMT 2.0% (IRA 1-Nov-2016)

### ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight, light-resistant containers. Store at controlled room temperature.

- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS** (11)

USP Mebendazole RS

USP Pimozide RS