Hydrocodone Bitartrate

 (R^*,R^*)]-2,3-dihydroxybutanedioate (1:1), hydrate (2:5). 4,50.-Epoxy-3-methoxy-17-methylmorphinan-6-one tartrate (1 : 1) hydrate (2 : 5) [34195-34-1; 6190-38-1]. Anhydrous 449.46 [143-71-5].

» Hydrocodone Bitartrate, dried in vacuum at 105° for 2 hours, contains not less than 98.0 percent and not more than 102.0 percent of $C_{18}H_{21}NO_3 \cdot C_4H_6O_6$.

Packaging and storage—Preserve in tight, light-resistant containers.

USP Reference standards (11)—USP Dihydrocodeine Bitartrate RS. USP Hydrocodone Bitartrate RS. USP Hydrocodone Bitartrate Related Compound A RS.

Identification-

A: Infrared Absorption (197M).

B: Ultraviolet Absorption (197U)—

Solution: 100 µg per mL. Medium: 0.1 N sulfuric acid.

Specific rotation ⟨781S⟩: between -79° and -84°.

Test solution: 20 mg, undried, per mL, in water. Calculate the result on the basis of the undried aliquot.

pH $\langle 791 \rangle$: between 3.2 and 3.8, in a solution (1 in 50).

Loss on drying—Dry it in vacuum at 105° for 2 hours [NOTE—See the Note in the Assay for precautions regarding handling of the dried material.]: it loses not less than 7.5% and not more than 12.0% of its weight.

Residue on ignition $\langle 281 \rangle$: not more than 0.1%.

Chloride—To 10 mL of a solution (1 in 100), acidified with nitric acid, add a few drops of silver nitrate TS: no opalescence is produced immediately.

Organic volatile impurities, Method I $\langle 467 \rangle$: meets the requirements.

(Official until July 1, 2008)

Assav—[NOTE—Dry both the USP Hydrocodone Bitartrate RS and the Hydrocodone Bitartrate materials in vacuum at 105° for 2 hours. Immediately transfer the dried materials to a desiccator containing phosphorus pentoxide. Weigh each dried material individually within 1 minute, and proceed with the Assay.]

Mobile phase-Prepare a mixture of acetonitrile, water, and diethylamine (800:4:1). Prepare a filtered and degassed mixture of this solution and methanol (55:45). Make adjustments if necessary

(see System Suitability under Chromatography (621)).

Standard preparation—Transfer about 10 mg of previously dried USP Hydrocodone Bitartrate RS, accurately weighed, to a 10-mL volumetric flask, add 5 mL of water, and mix to dissolve. Dilute with methanol to volume, and mix to obtain a solution having a known concentration of about 1 mg per mL.

Assay preparation—Transfer an accurately weighed quantity of previously dried Hydrocodone Bitartrate, equivalent to about 100 mg of hydrocodone bitartrate, C₁₈H₂₁NO₃ · C₄H₆O₆, to a 100-mL volumetric flask, add 50 mL of water, and mix to dissolve. Dilute with methanol to volume, and mix.

Resolution solution—Prepare a solution in methanol containing about 0.4 mg of USP Dihydrocodeine Bitartrate RS and 0.6 mg of USP Hydrocodone Bitartrate RS per mL. Prepare a mixture of this solution and water (1:1).

Chromatographic system (see Chromatography (621))—The liquid chromatograph is equipped with a 280-nm detector and a 4.6mm × 25-cm column that contains packing L3. The flow rate is about 1.5 mL per minute. Chromatograph the Resolution solution, and record the responses as directed for Procedure: the relative retention times are about 0.7 for hydrocodone and 1.0 for dihydrocodeine; and the resolution, R, between hydrocodone and dihydrocodeine is not less than 3.0. Chromatograph the Standard preparation, and record the peak responses as directed for Procedure: the relative standard deviation for replicate injections is not more than

Procedure—Separately inject equal volumes (about 20 µL) of the Standard preparation and the Assay preparation into the chromatograph, record the chromatograms, and measure the responses for the major peaks. Calculate the quantity, in mg, of C₁₈H₂₁NO₃ · C₄H₆O₆ in the portion of Hydrocodone Bitartrate taken by the formula:

$$(100C)(r_U / r_S)$$

in which C is the concentration, in mg per mL, of USP Hydrocodone Bitartrate RS in the Standard preparation; and r_U and r_S are the peak responses obtained from the Assay preparation and the Standard preparation, respectively.