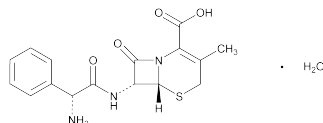


## Cephalexin



$C_{16}H_{17}N_3O_4S \cdot H_2O$  365.40  
 $C_{16}H_{17}N_3O_4S$  347.40  
 5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 7-[(amino-phenylacetyl)amino]-3-methyl-8-oxo-, monohydrate, [6*R*-(6 $\alpha$ ,7 $\beta$ (*R*<sup>\*</sup>))]—;  
 (6*R*,7*R*)-7-[(*R*)-2-Amino-2-phenylacetamido]-3-methyl-8-oxo-5-thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid monohydrate [23325-78-2].  
 Anhydrous [15686-71-2].

### DEFINITION

Cephalexin has a potency of NLT 950  $\mu$ g and NMT 1030  $\mu$ g of  $C_{16}H_{17}N_3O_4S$ /mg, calculated on the anhydrous basis.

### IDENTIFICATION

- A. INFRARED ABSORPTION (197K)

**Delete the following:**

- B. ULTRAVIOLET ABSORPTION (197U)

**Sample solution:** 0.02 mg/mL of Cephalexin in water

**Standard solution:** 0.02 mg/mL of USP Cephalexin RS in water

**Absorptivity:** On the anhydrous basis, at peak maxima about 262 nm: 95.0%–104.0% of *Sample solution* to *Standard solution* corrected for potency

**Acceptance criteria:** Peak maxima and minima at the same wavelengths<sub>s</sub>

**Add the following:**

- B. The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the Assay.<sub>s</sub>

**Delete the following:**

- C. THIN-LAYER CHROMATOGRAPHY

**Standard solution:** 25 mg/mL of USP Cephalexin RS in water with the aid of 0.1 N hydrochloric acid

**Sample solution:** 25 mg/mL in water, with 0.1 N hydrochloric acid

#### Chromatographic system

(See *Chromatography* (621), *Thin-Layer Chromatography*.)

**Mode:** TLC

**Adsorbent:** 0.25-mm layer of chromatographic silica-gel mixture

**Application volume:** 5  $\mu$ L

**Developing solvent system:** Ethyl acetate, acetonitrile, glacial acetic acid, and water (21:7:7:9)

#### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Allow the spots to dry, and place the plate in a saturated chamber containing the solvent system and lined with filter paper. Develop the chromatogram until the solvent front has moved three-fourths of the length of the plate. Remove the plate from the developing chamber, mark the solvent front, allow the plate to air-dry, and examine under short-wavelength UV light.

**Acceptance criteria:** The *R<sub>F</sub>* value of the principal spot of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*.<sub>s</sub>

## ASSAY

**Change to read:**

### PROCEDURE

**Mobile phase:** 0.985 g/L of sodium-1-pentanesulfonate in a mixture of acetonitrile, methanol, triethylamine, and water (20:10:3:170), adjusted with phosphoric acid to a pH of 3.0  $\pm$  0.1

**Standard stock solution:** 1 mg/mL of USP Cephalexin RS in water

**Standard solution:** 0.4 mg/mL of cephalexin in *Mobile phase* from *Standard stock solution*<sub>s</sub>

**Sample stock solution:** 1 mg/mL of Cephalexin in water

**Sample solution:** 0.4 mg/mL of Cephalexin in *Mobile phase* from *Sample stock solution*<sub>s</sub>

### Chromatographic system

(See *Chromatography* (621), *System Suitability*.)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm  $\times$  25-cm; packing L1 of low acidity

**Flow rate:** 1.5 mL/min

**Injection size:** 20  $\mu$ L

### System suitability

**Sample:** *Standard solution*

### Suitability requirements

**Relative standard deviation:** NMT 2.0%

### Analysis

**Samples:** *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the quantity, in  $\mu$ g, of  $C_{16}H_{17}N_3O_4S$  per mg of the Cephalexin taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_u/r_s) \times (C_s/C_u) \times P$$

$r_u$  = peak response from the *Sample solution*

$r_s$  = peak response from the *Standard solution*<sub>s</sub>

$C_s$  = concentration of USP Cephalexin RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

$C_u$  = concentration of Cephalexin in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

$P$  = designated content of cephalexin in USP Cephalexin RS ( $\mu$ g/mg)

**Acceptance criteria:** 950–1030  $\mu$ g/mg on the anhydrous basis

## IMPURITIES

### Organic Impurities

#### PROCEDURE 1

**Solution A:** Dissolve 1 g of sodium 1-pentanesulfonate in a mixture of 1000 mL of water and 15 mL of triethylamine. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 2.5  $\pm$  0.1.

**Solution B:** Dissolve 1 g of sodium 1-pentanesulfonate in a mixture of 300 mL of water and 15 mL of triethylamine. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 2.5  $\pm$  0.1, and add 350 mL of acetonitrile and 350 mL of methanol.

**Mobile phase:** See the gradient table below.

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	100	0
1	100	0
33.3	0	100
34.3	0	100

**Diluent:** 18 mg/mL of monobasic potassium phosphate in water

**Standard solutions:** 0.08 mg/mL and 0.16 mg/mL of  $C_{16}H_{17}N_3O_4S$  from USP Cephalexin RS in *Diluent*, taking into account the stated potency of the USP Cephalexin RS

**Sample solution:** 5 mg/mL of Cephalexin in *Diluent*

**Chromatographic system**

(See *Chromatography* (621), *System Suitability*.)

**Mode:** LC

**Detector:** UV 254 nm

**Column:** 4.6-mm × 25-cm; packing L1 of low acidity

**Flow rate:** 1 mL/min

**Injection size:** 20 μL

**Analysis**

**Samples:** *Standard solutions* and *Sample solution*

Plot the responses of the cephalexin peaks from the *Standard solutions* versus their concentrations, calculated on the anhydrous basis, in mg/mL, and draw a straight line through the two points and zero. From the line so obtained and the peak responses of the *Sample solution*, determine the concentration, *I*, in mg/mL, of each cephalexin-related substance of the *Sample solution* other than the cephalexin peak.

Calculate the percentage of each cephalexin-related substance:

$$\text{Result} = I/C \times 100$$

- *I* = concentration of each cephalexin-related substance in the *Sample solution* as determined from the calibration curve (mg/mL)•<sub>5</sub>

**Acceptance criteria**

**Individual impurities:** NMT 1.0% of any individual cephalexin-related substance

**Total impurities:** NMT 5.0%

- **PROCEDURE 2: DIMETHYLANILINE (223):** Meets the requirement

**SPECIFIC TESTS**

- **OPTICAL ROTATION, Specific Rotation (781S):** +149° to +158°  
**Sample solution:** 5 mg/mL, in pH 4.4 neutralized phthalate buffer (See *Reagents, Indicators, and Solutions—Buffer Solutions*)
- **CRYSTALLINITY (695):** Meets the requirements
- **PH (791):** 3.0–5.5, in an aqueous suspension containing 50 mg/mL
- **WATER DETERMINATION, Method I (921):** 4.0%–8.0%

**ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in tight containers.
- **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)**  
**USP Cephalexin RS**