Tazobactam

Change to read:



 $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_5S$

- 300.29 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 3-methyl-7- $\cos -3 - (1H - 1, 2, 3 - triazol - 1 - ylmethyl) -, 4, 4 - dioxide, [2S - (2\alpha, 3\beta, 3\beta)]$ 5α)]-;
- (2S, 3S, 5R)-3-Methyl-7-oxo-3-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-ylmethyl)-4thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 4,4-dioxide [89786-04-9].

${}^{\bullet}C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_5S \cdot {}^{1}/{}_{2}H_2O$	309.30
[428863-55-2]. • (RB 1-May-2011)	

DEFINITION

Tazobactam contains NLT 98.0% and NMT 102.0% of $C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_5S$, calculated on the anhydrous basis.

IDENTIFICATION

- A. INFRARED ABSORPTION $\langle 197K \rangle$
- B. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

ASSAY

- PROCEDURE
 - Mobile phase: Dissolve 1.32 g of dibasic ammonium phosphate in 750 mL of water. Adjust with 5% v/v phosphoric acid to a pH of 2.5, and dilute with water to 1000 mL. Add 30 mL of acetonitrile, mix, and pass through a filter of 0.2um pore size
 - System suitability solution: 16 µg/mL of L-phenylalanine, 50 μg/mL of USP Tazobactam RS, and 8 μg/mL of USP Tazobactam Related Compound A RS in Mobile phase. Maintain the System suitability solution at 3° until injection. Prepare fresh daily. If an autosampler is used, replace the plastic tubing connected to the injection needle with a stainless steel assembly, and maintain at 3°. If a chilled autosampler is not used, then this solution should be injected immediately after preparation.
 - Standard solution: 0.5 mg/mL of USP Tazobactam RS in Mobile phase. Cool and maintain the Standard solution at 3° until injection. If an autosampler is used, replace the plastic tubing connected to the injection needle with a stainless steel assembly, and maintain at 3°. If a chilled autosampler is not used, then this solution should be injected immediately after preparation.
 - Sample solution: 0.5 mg/mL of Tazobactam in Mobile phase. Cool and maintain the Sample solution at 3° until injection. If an autosampler is used, replace the plastic tubing connected to the injection needle with a stainless steel assembly, and maintain at 3°. If a chilled autosampler is not used, then this solution should be injected immediately after preparation.

Chromatographic system (See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.) Mode: LC Detector: UV 210 nm Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-µm packing L1 Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min Injection size: 20 μL System suitability Samples: System suitability solution and Standard solution [NOTE—See *Table 1* for the relative retention times.] Suitability requirements Resolution: NLT 6.0 between tazobactam and L-phenylalanine, System suitability solution Tailing factor: NMT 1.8, Standard solution Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%, Standard solution Analysis Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution

Calculate the percentage of tazobactam ($C_{10}H_{12}N_4O_5S$) in the portion of Tazobactam taken:

Result =
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

- = peak response from the Sample solution rυ
- = peak response from the Standard solution rs
- = concentration of USP Tazobactam RS in the Stan-Cs dard solution (mg/mL)
- = concentration of the Sample solution (mg/mL) Cu

Acceptance criteria: 98.0%–102.0% on the anhydrous basis

IMPURITIES

- Residue on Ignition (281): NMT 0.1%
- HEAVY METALS, Method II (231): NMT 20 ppm
- **ORGANIC IMPURITIES**
 - Mobile phase, System suitability solution, Chromatographic system, and System suitability: Proceed as directed in the Assay.
 - Blank: Mobile phase. Cool and maintain the Blank at 3° until injection. If an autosampler is used, replace the plastic tubing connected to the injection needle with a stainless steel assembly, and maintain at 3°. If a chilled autosampler is not used, then this solution should be injected immediately after preparation
 - Sample solution: Prepare as directed in the Assay. Cool and maintain the Sample solution at 3° until injection. If an autosampler is used, replace the plastic tubing connected to the injection needle with a stainless steel assembly, and maintain at 3°. If a chilled autosampler is not used, then this solution should be injected immediately after preparation. Analysis
 - Samples: Blank and Sample solution
 - Ignore any peaks of the Sample solution that correspond to any peaks of the Blank.
 - Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Tazobactam taken:

Result =
$$(r_U/r_T) \times 100$$

- = peak response for each impurity in the Sample ru solution
- = sum of all the peak responses in the Sample solu r_T tion

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Acceptance criteria: See Table 1.

Table 1		
Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Tazobactam related compound A	0.29	1.0
L-Phenylalanine	0.71	_
Tazobactam	1.0	
Any other individual impurity	_	0.1
Total impurities ^a	_	0.3

^a Total of all impurities other than tazobactam related compound A.

SPECIFIC TESTS

- BACTERIAL ENDOTOXINS TEST (85): The level of bacterial endotoxins is such that the requirements of the relevant dosage form monograph(s) in which Tazobactam is used can be met.
- OPTICAL ROTATION, Specific Rotation (781S) Sample solution: 10 mg/mL, in dimethylformamide Acceptance criteria: $+160^{\circ}$ to $+167^{\circ}$ (t = 20°)
- MICROBIAL ENUMERATION TESTS (61) and TESTS FOR SPECIFIED MICROORGANISMS (62): The total aerobic microbial count does not exceed 10^{3} cfu/g, and the total combined molds and yeasts count does not exceed 10² cfu/g.

• **PH** (791)

Sample solution: 2.5 mg/mL Acceptance criteria: 1.8–2.8

Change to read:

• WATER DETERMINATION, Method I (921): NMT 0.6% [•] for the anhydrous form; 2.2-3.8% for the hemihydrate form • (RB 1-May-2011)

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

• PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Preserve in well-closed containers. Store at controlled room temperature.

Add the following:

• LABELING: Where it is the hemihydrate form, the label so indicates. • (RB 1-May-2011) • USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11)

- - USP Endotoxin RS
 - USP Tazobactam RS
 - USP Tazobactam Related Compound A RS (2S,3S)-2-Amino-3-methyl-3-sulfino-4-(1H-1,2,3-triazol-1-
 - yl)butyric acid. $\dot{C}_7\dot{H}_{12}\dot{N}_4O_4S$ 248.26