# **Losartan Potassium Tablets**

#### **DEFINITION**

Losartan Potassium Tablets contain NLT 95.0% and NMT 105.0% of the labeled amount of losartan potassium  $(C_{22}H_{22}CIKN_6O).$ 

### **IDENTIFICATION**

• A. The retention time of the major peak of the Sample solution corresponds to that of the Standard solution, as obtained in the Assay.

#### **ASSAY**

#### **PROCEDURE**

**Buffer:** 1.25 mg/mL of monobasic potassium phosphate and 1.5 mg/mL of dibasic sodium phosphate in water. The resulting pH is approximately 7.0. Pass the solution through a PTFE or equivalent filter of 0.45-μm pore size, and degas before use.

Solution A: Acetonitrile and Buffer (3:17)

Solution B: Use acetonitrile. Mobile phase: See Table 1.

Table 1

Time (min)	Solution A (%)	Solution B (%)
0	80	20
10	40	60
11	80	20
15	80	20

System suitability stock solution: Dissolve 12 mg of ÚSP Losartan Potassium RS in a 50-mL volumetric flask, first using 5 mL of water, followed by 5 mL of 0.1 N hydrochloric acid. Place the flask in a 105° oven for 1–2 h, and allow to cool to room temperature. Pipet 5 mL of 0.1 N sodium hydroxide into the flask, and dilute with water to volume. Adjust with either 0.1 N hydrochloric acid or 0.1 N sodiúm hydroxide to a pH of 6.0. [NOTE—The resulting solution contains the 1-H-dimer and 2-H-dimer, and the resulting solution may be cloudy.]

System suitability solution: Add 3 mL of acetonitrile to 7 mL of System suitability stock solution to clear the cloudy solution, and mix well.

Standard solution: 0.25 mg/mL of USP Losartan Potassium RS in Solution A. Pass through a PTFE or equivalent filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

Sample stock solution: Transfer 10 Tablets to a 500-mL volumetric flask, add Solution A to fill the flask about 50% of the final volume, and sonicate with intermittent shaking for 15 min. Sonicate for an additional 10 min.

Dilute with *Solution A* to volume, and mix well. **Sample solution:** 0.25 mg/mL of losartan potassium in *Solution A* from the *Sample stock solution*. Mix well. Pass an aliquot of the solution through a PTFE filter of 0.45μm pore size, and use the filtrate.

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 250 nm

Column: 3.9-mm × 15-cm; 5-µm packing L7

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min Injection size: 10 µL System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution and Standard

solution

Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for the losartan, 1-H-dimer, and 2-H-dimer peaks; System suitability solution
Resolution: NLT 2.0 between the 1-H-dimer and 2-H-dimer, System suitability solution Column efficiency: NLT 3000 theoretical plates, Standard solution

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0, Standard solution Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%, Standard solution

#### Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution Calculate the percentage of the labeled amount of losartan potassium (C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClKN<sub>6</sub>O) in the portion of Tablets taken:

Result = 
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

= peak response of losartan from the Sample so $r_U$ 

= peak response of losartan from the Standard  $r_{\scriptscriptstyle S}$ solution

 $C_{S}$ = concentration of USP Losartan Potassium RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 $C_U$ = nominal concentration of losartan potassium in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL) **Acceptance criteria:** 95.0%–105.0%

### PERFORMANCE TESTS

### Change to read:

# **D**ISSOLUTION $\langle 711 \rangle$

Test 1 • (RB 1-Jul-2011)

Medium: Water; 900 mL, deaerated

Apparatus 2: 50 rpm

Time: 30 min

**Standard solution:** (L/1000) mg/mL of USP Losartan Potassium RS in *Medium*, where *L* is the Tablet label claim, in mg

Sample solution: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size. Analysis: Determine the amount of C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClKN<sub>6</sub>O dissolved by using UV absorption at the wavelength of maximum absorbance at about 256 nm on portions of the Sample solution in comparison with the Standard solution, using Medium as blank. •Use the appropriate cell size as listed in Table 2 or make the appropriate dilution of the solutions with Medium to be within the linearity range of the spectrophotometer:

#### Table 2

Tablet Strength (mg/Tablet)	Cell Size (cm)
25	1.0
50	0.5
100	0.2

Calculate the percentage of losartan potassium  $(C_{22}H_{22}CIKN_6O)$  dissolved:

Result = 
$$(A_U/A_S) \times (C_S/L) \times V \times 100$$

= absorbance of the Sample solution = absorbance of the Standard solution

 $C_{S}$ = concentration of USP Losartan Potassium RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

= label claim (mg/Tablet)

= volume of Medium, 900 mL

Tolerances: NLT 75% (Q) of the labeled amount of losartan potassium (C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClKN<sub>6</sub>O) is dissolved.

Test 2: If the product complies with this test, the la-

beling indicates that the product meets USP Dissolution

Medium: Water; 900 mL Apparatus 2: 75 rpm

Time: 30 min

Buffer: 1.4 g/L of anhydrous monobasic potassium phosphate in water. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of  $3.3 \pm 0.1$ 

Mobile phase: Methanol, acetonitrile, and Buffer

Standard solution: 0.028 mg/mL of USP Losartan Potassium RS in *Medium* 

Sample solution

For Tablets labeled to contain 25 mg: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45-µm pore size.

For Tablets labeled to contain 50 mg and 100 mg: Pass a portion of the solution under test through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size. Further dilute the filtrate with Medium to prepare a 0.028-mg/mL solution.

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 265 nm

Column: 4.6-mm  $\times$  15-cm; 5- $\mu$ m packing L10

Column temperature: 45° Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min Injection size: 10 μL

System suitability Samples: Standard solution Suitability requirements

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

**Analysis** 

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution Calculate the percentage of losartan potassium (C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClKN<sub>6</sub>O) dissolved:

### Result = $(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/L) \times V \times 100$

= peak response of the Sample solution  $r_s$ 

peak response of the Standard solution
 concentration of USP Losartan Potassium RS in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

label claim (mg/Tablet)

V = volume of *Medium*, 900 mL **Tolerances:** NLT 85% (Q) of the labeled amount of losartan potassium (C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>CIKN<sub>6</sub>O) is dissolved. • (RB 1-Jul-

• Uniformity of Dosage Units (905): Meet the requirements

Procedure for content uniformity

**Buffer:** Dissolve 1.36 mg/mL of monobasic potassium phosphate in water. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a

**Diluent:** Dissolve 17.42 g of dibasic potassium phosphate in 900 mL of water. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 8.0. Dilute with water to a volume of 1000 mL, and mix well. Prepare a dilution in water (1 in 10), and mix well.

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile and Buffer (3:2)

**Standard solution:** 0.05 mg/mL of USP Losartan Po-

tassium RS in Diluent

Sample stock solution: Transfer 1 Tablet to a 100-mL volumetric flask, add about 65 mL of Diluent, and shake mechanically for 30 min. Dilute with Diluent to volume, and mix well.

Sample solution: 0.05 mg/mL of losartan potassium in Diluent from the Sample stock solution. Filter an aliquot of the solution, and use the filtrate.

Chromatographic system

(See Chromatography (621), System Suitability.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 230 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 10-µm packing L7

Flow rate: 1.4 mL/min Injection size: 20 µL System suitability

Sample: Standard solution Suitability requirements

Column efficiency: NLT 3000 theoretical plates

Relative standard deviation: NMT 2.0%

**Analysis** 

**Samples:** Standard solution and Sample solution Calculate the percentage of losartan potassium  $(C_{22}H_{22}CIKN_6 \stackrel{.}{O})$  in the portion of Tablet taken:

Result = 
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

= peak response of losartan from the Sample so $r_U$ 

= peak response of losartan from the Standard  $r_{\scriptscriptstyle S}$ solution

= concentration of USP Losartan Potassium RS  $C^{c}$ in the Standard solution (mg/mL)

 $C_U$ = concentration of losartan in the Sample solution (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: Meet the requirements

#### **IMPURITIES**

# **O**RGANIC **I**MPURITIES

Solution A, Solution B, Mobile phase, System suitability solution, Sample solution, and Chromatographic system: Prepare as directed in the Assay.

Standard stock solution: Use the Standard solution, pre-

pared as directed in the Assay.

Standard solution: 2.5 µg/mL of USP Losartan Potassium RS in Solution A from the Standard stock solution **Limit of quantitation solution:** Dilute *Standard solution* in *Solution A* (1 in 10). System suitability

Samples: System suitability solution, Standard solution, and Limit of quantitation solution

Suitability requirements

**Signal-to-noise ratio:** NLT 10 for the losartan peak from the first injection. If this is not met, then the Signal-to-noise ratio must be greater than 3 with a relative standard deviation of area counts less than 25% for three replicate injections, Limit of quantita-

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0 for the losartan, 1-H-dimer, and 2-H-dimer peaks; System suitability solution

Resolution: NLT 2.0 between the 1-H-dimer and 2-

H-dimer, System suitability solution

Column efficiency: NLT 3000 theoretical plates, Standard solution

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0, Standard solution Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0%, Standard solution

Analysis

Samples: Standard solution and Sample solution [NOTE—Identify the peaks using the relative retention times providéd in *Table 3*.]

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Tablets taken:

Result = 
$$(r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

- $r_U$ = peak response of each individual impurity from the Sample solution
- = peak response of losartan from the Standard **r**s solution
- = concentration of USP Losartan Potassium RS in  $C_{S}$ the Standard solution (mg/mL)
- = nominal concentration of losartan potassium  $C_U$ in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL) **Acceptance criteria:** See *Table 3*.

Table 3

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Losartan	1.0	_
1-H-Dimera	2.4	0.5
2-H-Dimerb	2.9	0.5
Total impurities <sup>c</sup>	_	1.0

- \* 5-[4'-({2-Butyl-5-[(5-{4'-[(2-butyl-4-chloro-5-hydroxymethyl-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)methy]biphenyl-2-yl}-1*H*-tetrazol-1-yl)methyl]-4-chloro-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl}methyl)biphenyl-2-yl]tetrazol, potassium salt.

  \*\*b 5-[4'-({2-Butyl-5-[(5-{4'-[(2-butyl-4-chloro-5-hydroxymethyl-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)methyl]biphenyl-2-yl}-2*H*-tetrazol-2-yl)methyl]-4-chloro-1*H*-imidazol-1-yl}methyl)biphenyl-2-yl]tetrazol, potassium salt.

# **ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

• PACKAGING AND STORAGE: Store in tightly closed containers, protected from light, at controlled room temperature.

# Add the following:

- •Labeling: When more than one Dissolution test is given, the labeling states the test used only if Test 1 is not used. (RB 1-Jul-2011)
- USP REFERENCE STANDARDS (11) USP Losartan Potassium RS

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> The total impurities include the sum of all the specified impurities and the sum of all the unspecified impurities that are equal to or greater than