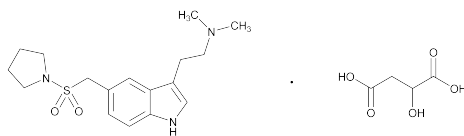


Almotriptan Malate



$C_{17}H_{25}N_3O_2S \cdot C_4H_6O_5$ 469.55
Pyrrolidine, 1-[[[3-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]-1H-indol-5-yl]methyl]sulfonyl]-, hydroxybutanedioate (1:1); 1-[[[3-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]indol-5-yl]methyl]sulfonyl]pyrrolidine malate (1:1) [181183-52-8].

DEFINITION

Almotriptan Malate contains NLT 98.0% and NMT 102.0% of almotriptan malate ($C_{17}H_{25}N_3O_2S \cdot C_4H_6O_5$), calculated on the anhydrous and solvent-free basis.

IDENTIFICATION

- **A. INFRARED ABSORPTION** (197K)
- **B.** The retention time of the major peak of the *Sample solution* corresponds to that of the *Standard solution*, as obtained in the *Assay*.

ASSAY

Change to read:

• PROCEDURE

Buffer: 2.72 g/L of monobasic potassium phosphate in water. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 3.5.

Mobile phase: Methanol and *Buffer* (40:60)

System suitability solution: 0.14 mg/mL each of USP Almotriptan Malate RS and USP Almotriptan Related Compound B RS in *Mobile phase*. Sonication may be used to promote dissolution.

Standard solution: 0.14 mg/mL of USP Almotriptan Malate RS in *Mobile phase*. Sonication may be used to promote dissolution.

Sample solution: 0.14 mg/mL of Almotriptan Malate in *Mobile phase*. Sonication may be used to promote dissolution.

Chromatographic system

(See *Chromatography* (621), *System Suitability*.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 230 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 15-cm; 5-μm packing L10

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μL

Run time: •NLT• (IRA 1-May-2017) 2 times the retention time of almotriptan

System suitability

Samples: *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

[NOTE—The relative retention times for almotriptan related compound B and almotriptan are 0.7 and 1.0, respectively.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 2.0 between almotriptan and almotriptan related compound B, *System suitability solution*

Tailing factor: NMT 2.0, *Standard solution*

Relative standard deviation: NMT 0.85% for six injections, *Standard solution*

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of almotriptan malate ($C_{17}H_{25}N_3O_2S \cdot C_4H_6O_5$) in the portion of Almotriptan Malate taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of almotriptan from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of almotriptan from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of USP Almotriptan Malate RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Almotriptan Malate in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: 98.0%–102.0% on the anhydrous and solvent-free basis

IMPURITIES

- **RESIDUE ON IGNITION** (281): NMT 0.10%

Change to read:

• LIMIT OF ALMOTRIPTAN RELATED COMPOUND D AND ALMOTRIPTAN N-DIMER

Run buffer: 23.5 g/L of phosphoric acid in water. Adjust with triethanolamine to a pH of 3.0 and pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

Diluent: Methanol and water (50:50)

Internal standard solution: 0.01 mg/mL of 4-hydroxy-4-phenylpiperidine in *Diluent*

System suitability solution: 0.005 mg/mL each of USP Almotriptan Related Compound B RS, • (IRA 1-May-2017) USP Almotriptan Related Compound D RS, and USP Almotriptan Malate RS in the *Internal standard solution*. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

Standard stock solution: 0.5 mg/mL of USP Almotriptan Malate RS in *Diluent*

Standard solution: 0.005 mg/mL of USP Almotriptan Malate RS from the *Standard stock solution* in the *Internal standard solution*. Pass through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

Sample solution: 2.5 mg/mL of Almotriptan Malate in the *Internal standard solution*. Sonication may be used to promote dissolution. Pass the solution through a suitable filter of 0.45-μm pore size.

• **Capillary rinsing procedure:** Use separate *Run buffer* vials for the capillary rinse and sample analysis. Condition the capillary by rinsing with water, 0.1 N sodium hydroxide, water, and the *Run buffer* before each injection. [NOTE—It may be suitable to rinse with water, 0.1 N sodium hydroxide, and water using a pressure of 20 psi for NLT 2 min each and then to rinse with the *Run buffer* using a pressure of 20 psi for NLT 5 min.]

Instrumental conditions

Mode: CE

Detector: UV 214 nm

Capillary, Capillary effective length, Capillary temperature, and Voltage: Use parameters described under *A* or *B* as indicated in *Table 1*.

Table 1

Parameter	A	B
Capillary	75-μm × 48.5-cm; uncoated fused silica	75-μm × 60-cm; uncoated fused silica
Capillary effective length	40 cm	47 cm

2 Almotriptan

Table 1 (Continued)

Parameter	A	B
Capillary temperature	15°	25°
Voltage	A voltage of 15.5 kV may be suitable.	A voltage of 15.0 kV may be suitable.

Injection sequence: 0.5 psi for 8 s for the *Sample solution*, followed by 0.5 psi for 1 s for the *Run buffer*

Run time: NLT 2.5 times the migration time of almotriptan. (IRA 1-May-2017)

System suitability

Samples: *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

[NOTE—See **Table 2**. (IRA 1-May-2017) for the relative migration times.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 2.0 between almotriptan related compound B and almotriptan; NLT 2.0 between almotriptan. (IRA 1-May-2017) and almotriptan related compound D, *System suitability solution*

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0% for the ratio of the peak response of almotriptan to the peak response of the internal standard, *Standard solution*

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*
Calculate the corrected peak response:

$$\text{Result} = (r/m)$$

r = peak response

m = migration time of the peak (min)

Calculate the percentage of almotriptan related compound D, almotriptan *N*-dimer, and other impurities in the portion of Almotriptan Malate taken:

$$\text{Result} = (R_U/R_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

R_U = corrected peak response ratio of the impurity to the internal standard from the *Sample solution*

R_S = corrected peak response ratio of almotriptan to the internal standard from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of USP Almotriptan Malate RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Almotriptan Malate in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See **Table 2**.

Table 2 (IRA 1-May-2017)

Name	Relative Migration Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Almotriptan <i>N</i> -dimer ^a	0.71	0.3
Internal standard ^b	0.78	—
Almotriptan related compound B ^c	0.92	—
Almotriptan. (IRA 1-May-2017)	1.0	—
Almotriptan related compound C. (IRA 1-May-2017)	1.02	—

^a 2-({1-[(3-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]-1*H*-indol-5-yl)methyl]-5-[(pyrrolidin-1-ylsulfonyl)methyl]-1*H*-indol-3-yl]-*N,N*-dimethylethan-1-amine.

^b 4-Hydroxy-4-phenylpiperidine.

^c If present, this impurity may not be fully resolved from almotriptan. It is quantified using the test for *Organic Impurities*. (IRA 1-May-2017)

Table 2 (IRA 1-May-2017) (Continued)

Name	Relative Migration Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Almotriptan related compound D	1.22	0.1
Any individual unspecified impurities	—	0.1

^a 2-({1-[(3-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]-1*H*-indol-5-yl)methyl]-5-[(pyrrolidin-1-ylsulfonyl)methyl]-1*H*-indol-3-yl]-*N,N*-dimethylethan-1-amine.

^b 4-Hydroxy-4-phenylpiperidine.

^c If present, this impurity may not be fully resolved from almotriptan. It is quantified using the test for *Organic Impurities*. (IRA 1-May-2017)

Change to read:

• ORGANIC IMPURITIES

Buffer: Add 10 mL of triethylamine to every 1000 mL of 0.01 M phosphoric acid. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 6.5.

Mobile phase: Acetonitrile and *Buffer* (15:85)

System suitability stock solution: 0.5 mg/mL each of USP Almotriptan Related Compound B RS, USP Almotriptan Related Compound C RS, and USP Almotriptan Related Compound D RS in methanol

System suitability solution: 0.005 mg/mL each of USP Almotriptan Related Compound B RS, USP Almotriptan Related Compound C RS, and USP Almotriptan Related Compound D RS from the *System suitability stock solution* in water

Standard solution: 0.007 mg/mL of USP Almotriptan Malate RS in water

Sample solution: 3.5 mg/mL of Almotriptan Malate in water. Sonication may be used to promote dissolution.

Chromatographic system

(See *Chromatography* (621), *System Suitability*.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 210 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 30-cm; 5-μm packing L1

Flow rate: 1 mL/min

Injection volume: 20 μL

Run time: NLT. (IRA 1-May-2017) 3 times the retention time of almotriptan

System suitability

Samples: *System suitability solution* and *Standard solution*

[NOTE—See **Table 3**. (IRA 1-May-2017) for the relative retention times.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 1.0 between almotriptan related compound C and almotriptan related compound D, *System suitability solution*

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0% for six replicate injections, *Standard solution*

Analysis

Samples: *System suitability solution*, *Standard solution*, and *Sample solution*

Chromatograph the *System suitability solution* and identify the components on the basis of their relative retention times, as shown in **Table 3**. (IRA 1-May-2017)

Calculate the percentage of each impurity in the portion of Almotriptan Malate taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of each impurity from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of almotriptan from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of USP Almotriptan Malate RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Almotriptan Malate in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 3](#).

Table 3 (IRA 1-May-2017)

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Malic acid ^a	0.10	—
Almotriptan related compound B	0.62	0.1
Almotriptan related compound C	0.77	0.5
Almotriptan related compound D ^b	0.92	—
Almotriptan	1.00	—
Any other individual impurity	—	0.1
Total impurities ^c	—	1.0 (IRA 1-May-2017)

^a This peak is due to the malate counterion; hence it is not an impurity. It is not to be reported or included in the total impurities. (IRA 1-May-2017)

^b This impurity is quantified using the Limit of Almotriptan Related Compound D and Almotriptan N-Dimer test.

^c The sum of all impurities from the test for Organic Impurities and the Limit of Almotriptan Related Compound D and Almotriptan N-Dimer test.

Change to read:

• **LIMIT OF FUMARIC ACID**

Buffer: 6.8 g/L of monobasic potassium phosphate in water. Adjust with phosphoric acid to a pH of 2.8.

Mobile phase: Methanol and Buffer (5:95)

Standard solution: 0.0085 mg/mL of USP Fumaric Acid RS and 0.0017 mg/mL of USP Maleic Acid RS in water. Sonication may be used to promote dissolution.

Sample solution: 2.8 mg/mL of Almotriptan Malate in water. Sonication may be used to promote dissolution.

Chromatographic system

(See *Chromatography* <621>, *System Suitability*.)

Mode: LC

Detector: UV 220 nm

Column: 4.6-mm × 25-cm; 5-μm packing L7

Flow rate: 0.7 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μL

Run time: NLT 1.6 times the retention time of fumaric acid

System suitability

Sample: *Standard solution*

[NOTE—See [Table 4](#) (IRA 1-May-2017) for the relative retention times.]

Suitability requirements

Resolution: NLT 2.0 between fumaric acid and maleic acid

Relative standard deviation: NMT 5.0% for fumaric acid from six injections

Analysis

Samples: *Standard solution* and *Sample solution*

Calculate the percentage of fumaric acid (C₄H₄O₄) in the portion of Almotriptan Malate taken:

$$\text{Result} = (r_U/r_S) \times (C_S/C_U) \times 100$$

r_U = peak response of fumaric acid from the *Sample solution*

r_S = peak response of fumaric acid from the *Standard solution*

C_S = concentration of USP Fumaric Acid RS in the *Standard solution* (mg/mL)

C_U = concentration of Almotriptan Malate in the *Sample solution* (mg/mL)

Acceptance criteria: See [Table 4](#).

Table 4 (IRA 1-May-2017)

Name	Relative Retention Time	Acceptance Criteria, NMT (%)
Malic acid ^a	0.60	—
Maleic acid ^a	0.80	—
Fumaric acid	1.0	0.2

^a Included for identification purposes only.

SPECIFIC TESTS

Change to read:

- **WATER DETERMINATION** <921>, *Method I, Method Ia*: (IRA 1-May-2017) NMT 0.5%

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- **PACKAGING AND STORAGE:** Preserve in well-closed containers. Store at controlled room temperature.

Change to read:

• **USP REFERENCE STANDARDS** <11>

USP Almotriptan Malate RS

USP Almotriptan Related Compound B RS

2-{5-[(pyrrolidin-1-ylsulfonyl)methyl]-1*H*-indol-3-yl}ethanamine hemifumarate.

• C₁₅H₂₁N₃O₂S · 1/2C₄H₄O₄ (IRA 1-May-2017) 365.46

USP Almotriptan Related Compound C RS

N-Methyl-2-{5-[(pyrrolidin-1-ylsulfonyl)methyl]-1*H*-indol-3-yl}ethanamine.

C₁₆H₂₃N₃O₂S 321.44

USP Almotriptan Related Compound D RS

1-[(3-[2-(dimethylamino)ethyl]indol-5-yl)methylsulfonyl]pyrrolidine *N*-oxide.

C₁₇H₂₅N₃O₃S 351.46

USP Fumaric Acid RS

USP Maleic Acid RS